"THE BEST" ANTISEPTIC DENTIFRICE IS
CALVERT'S
CARBOLIC TOOTH POWDER.
Sold in 6d., 1s., and 1s. 6d. Tins.
Once used, always used.—Largest Sale of any Dentifrice.
F. C. CALVERT & Co., Manchester.
Awarded 57 PRIZE MEDALS and DIPLOMAS for the superior excellence of their Carbolic Preparations.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 28,825—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, AUGUST 19, 1892.

"INVALID'S PORT."
CUTLER, PALMER & CO.'S
SHIPPING.
ANALYSED BY PROFESSOR CASSEL,
F.I.C., F.C.S.
OBTAINABLE IN ALL PRESIDENCIES.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

	Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	Friday.
†	ASSAM	3060	500	G. W. F. Browne.	19th Augt.
B.L.	SUTLEJ	4205	800	W.D.G. Worcester.	26th "
†	SIAM	3060	500	H. T. Weighell	2nd Sept.
B.L.	PENINSULAR	5045	1200	A. C. Loggin	9th "
†	ASSAM	3060	500	G. W. F. Browne.	16th "
					Saturday.
B.L.	ORIENTAL	5045	1200	L. H. Moule	24th Sept.
†*	SIAM	3060	500	H. T. Weighell	1st Oct.
B.	CATHAY	2295	500	A Symons	8th "
†	ASSAM	3060	500	G. W. F. Browne.	15th "
B.L.	THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	22nd "
†	SIAM	3060	500	H. T. Weighell	29th "
B.L.	VALETTA	4919	1600	E. F. Briscoe	5th Nov.
†	ASSAM	3060	500	G. W. F. Browne.	12th "
B.L.	HIMALAYA	7000	2000	J. Orman	19th "
†	PENINSULAR	5045	1200	A. C. Loggin	26th "

The Steamers marked B L proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.
The Steamer marked B only does not proceed beyond Brindisi.
† These vessels proceed to Aden only and Passengers transhipthere to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London.
†* This vessel proceeds to Aden only, and Passengers transhipthere to a Steamer for Brindisi and London. No Passengers for Marseilles can proceed by this Steamer.

Single and Return Railway Tickets from Brindisi to London by the Mail route can be obtained, and Coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special "P. and O. Express."

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 10 a. m. on day of sailing, or on the afternoon of the previous day.
A Steam Barge leaves the P. and O. Dockyard at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board, and only hand packages will be received.
The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of destination.

PASSAGE-TICKETS are issued to London via Japan and Vancouver in conjunction with the Canadian-Pacific S. S. Co. Circular Passages, including the return journey to India via the Suez Canal or *vice versa*, can also be engaged.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

Steamers leave Bombay on or about the undernoted dates, conveying H. M.'s Mails from Colombo to China.
Passengers for Australia transhipat Colombo.

August 25th. September 8th. October 20th.
" 22nd. November 3rd.
October 6th. " 17th.

In addition to the above, a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any Port or Ports.
For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, August 16, 1892.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.
BOMBAY TO MESSINA, NAPLES, AND GENOA, calling at ALEXANDRIA.

THE well-known Steamers of this Company will sail on:
23rd August. 20th Sept. 20th Oct.
For particulars regarding Freights, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BRANCHI,
Acting Agent.
Cassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, July 27, 1892.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.
UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE
AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
ACHILLE	G. Costanzo	2,000	500	1st Sept.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,600	750	1st Oct

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS.

	1st Class.	2nd Class
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480

INCLUDING WINE OR BEER SUPPLIED AT MEALS.

THROUGH-TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued to London, via Trieste at specially Reduced Rates.
Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on the 5th, of each month.

ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
ELEKTRA	G. Mariani	3,800	550	22nd Aug.
BERENICE	P. Mersa	3,200	500	22nd Sept.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THIS ROUTE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE	Rs. 400	Rs. 250	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS.

	1st Class.	2nd Class
TO TRIESTE	Rs. 700	Rs. 400

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 12th of each month.

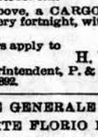
STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
MARIA TERESA	R. Deperis	3,800	550	8th Sept.

Connecting at Colombo with the s.s. NIOBE to Madras and Calcutta, and at Singapore with the s.s. GALATEA to Sourabaya and Batavia.
For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Cassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, August 15, 1892.

COMPAGNIE DES



MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.
FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.
TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE S. S. LA SEYNE will LEAVE Bombay on 9th September, 1892, at 3 p.m., FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN, in connection with the Australian Steamer Homeward-bound, and the Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.
RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six and nine months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.
THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway Fare from Marseilles to London.
Passengers are invited to be on board by 8 a. m. in the Prince's Dock on the day of sailing.

A. SIMEON, Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.

CHEAP PASSAGES,
HOMEWARD AND
OUTWARD.

PASSAGES promptly engaged and best Berths secured FREE OF COMMISSION, in P. and O. and all other LINERS, 1st and 2nd Saloon; and also in selected NON-LINERS, such as the "BEDOUIN," "WOODS," &c., from Rs. 200 to 300 to the Continent, and Rs. 300 to Rs. 375 to English ports, 1st Saloon.
Outward, in Non-Liners, from £25 to £30 per adult, Saloon.
CONTINENTAL RAIL-TICKETS provided, and SLEEPING CAR BERTHS engaged.
HEAVY BAGGAGE stored, shipped, or forwarded by P. and O. at Cargo rates to port of destination or address.
PASSENGERS met on arrival and departure by reliable Agents.
SOVEREIGNS, DRAFTS, AND CIRCULAR NOTES supplied at best rates.
LADIES, Children, and Gentlemen respectively grouped in selected Saloon cabins; special arrangement for families and Parties.
INSURANCE effected at reasonable rates.
ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE TELEGRAMS arranged for economically.
INTEREST at 3 per cent. allowed on passage money deposited with us in advance.
Full particulars supplied and HAND-BOOKS sent free on application.

WILLIAM WATSON AND CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS,
BOMBAY—28, APOLLO STREET.
KARACHI—Camp.
LONDON—27, LEADENHALL STREET, and 49-50 Parliament Street.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,168 tons, on 24th August, at noon, direct.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PEMBA," 1,536 tons, on the 21st August, at 11 a.m., or on arrival of English Mail, calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "UMBALLA," 1,911 tons, on the 18th August, at about 3 p.m., calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 18th August, 1892. Agents.

KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. and O. and all Steamers at the Lowest Rates obtainable, Free of Charges for Commission.
SPECIAL attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. and O.
LISTS of all Steamers Sailing, and full information as to Berths available, furnished at once.
REDUCTIONS obtainable in the case of large Parties or Families travelling together.
PASSENGERS booked through Messrs. KING, KING and Co. are met on arrival at —
Plymouth or London..by Messrs. HENRY S. KING and Co.
Liverpool..... " KING, BAILLIE and Co.
And by Special Agents at Marseilles, Genoa, Naples, Brindisi and Trieste.
BAGGAGE Received and Shipped. Packages also forwarded as Cargo at Lowest Rates. Marine and Fire Insurance effected.
LOANS and Overdrafts granted on approved Security.
DRAFTS, Cheques, Gold, and Bank Notes purchased and sold at Current Rates.
TELEGRAPHIC Remittances arranged at Current Rates, and Addresses in connection with the same Registered with Messrs. HENRY S. KING and Co., FREE OF CHARGE.
RAILWAY TICKETS and HOTEL COUPONS by all Continental and American Routes furnished at Lowest Rates.
CORRESPONDENCE invited, and a Copy of Messrs. Henry S. King and Co.'s "Hand-book for Homeward-bound Passengers" forwarded on application, Free of Charge.

KING, HAMILTON & Co., CALCUTTA.
KING, BAILLIE & Co., LIVERPOOL.
R. B. KING, HYDERABAD (DECCAN).
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

STEAM.
CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning *via* Torres Straits, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand, with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

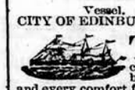
	Tons.	Date of leaving Calcutta On or about
A STEAMER	3,917	..... 31st August.

For Freight, Passage, or other particulars, apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 5th August, 1892. Agents.

CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.
BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail about.
CITY OF EDINBURGH	W. Frame	3230	27th Aug.



THIS Steamer, which is lighted throughout with the Electric-Light, carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two berth Cabins on Deck. Baths, Punkahs, and every comfort for First-Class Passengers. Crew entirely European.

Apply to
SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Bombay, 6th Aug, 1892. Agents.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

THE S. S. "MARY BEYTS," 3,790 Tons, Captain BICE, will sail for LIVERPOOL direct on or about the 20th August.
She has first-class accommodation for a limited number of Passengers.
For Rates of Passage and further particulars, apply to

KILLICK, NIXON & Co.,
Elphinstone Circle. Agents.

"MACIVER" LINE.

THE S. S. "IONIA," 5,503 tons, Captain E. M. Boyle, WILL SAIL for GENOA and ANTWERP about the 25th inst. This magnificent Steamer with accommodation for over 70 1st class Passengers has both a Smoking Room and a Ladies' Saloon. A Surgeon and Stewardess are carried.
For rates of passage and further particulars apply to

KILLICK, NIXON & Co.,
Agents.
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, August 16th, 1892.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail about
ROUMANIA	3387	W. S. Young	27th Aug.
ASIA	3360	Jas. Laird	17th Sept.

Passengers can book through to London (Overland from Marseilles) on favourable terms.
The Railway Journey from Marseilles to London occupies thirty hours.
Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for First Class Passengers.
All the Cabins are on the Upper Deck.
For Rates of Passage and further particulars, apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay, August 11, 1892.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Bombay.
GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.
HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

PASSAGES booked by P. & O. and other regular lines of Steamers *without charge for commission*. Berths selected and the best available accommodation secured. Railway and Sleeping Car Tickets obtained.
CHEAPER PASSAGES engaged by occasional outside Steamers, and every information afforded as to terms and accommodation.
SECOND SALOON.
The Superior Second Saloon accommodation of the new P. and O. Steamers offers an excellent opportunity for a cheap Passage to England, and to enable us to arrange select parties and suitable berthing, intending passengers should make early Application.
Full particulars and pamphlet forwarded on application. "Grindlay's Hand Book" for Travellers may also be had free.
Circular Notes, Sovereigns, and Drafts on London granted at current rates. Baggage shipped and Insurance effected when required.
PACKAGES from Europe for MESSES, CLUBS, SOCIETIES, SCHOOLS, STORES, UP-COUNTRY FIRMS and PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS cleared and forwarded. To avoid delay the Shippers should be instructed to send us direct the Bill of Lading and Invoice.
GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.
GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Bombay.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" Daily, Rs. 48 for one year; Rs. 25 for 6 months; Rs. 13 for 3 months; Rs. 5 per month in advance, postage extra.

CLARETS! CLARETS!! CLARETS!!!

THE CLARETS Imported by TREACHER and Co. are in greater demand in India than those of any other Brand, and are of exceptional value.

S. JULIEN MEDOC (1888).

	Cash. Bot.	Cash. Half Bot.	Credit. Bot.	Credit. Half Bot.
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
This is a very popular Breakfast Wine, and is of special value ..... Per doz.	12 0	6 14	13 12	7 12

BORDEAUX (1888).

	Cash. Bot.	Cash. Half Bot.	Credit. Bot.	Credit. Half Bot.
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
A very favourite Wine, suitable for "Cup" or Breakfast.. Per doz.	12 0	6 14	13 12	7 12

PETIT MEDOC (1888).

	Cash. Bot.	Cash. Half Bot.	Credit. Bot.	Credit. Half Bot.
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
A Wine very pleasing to the Palate and of good body... Per doz.	15 8	8 12	7 8	9 14

SUPERIOR MEDOC (1885).

	Cash. Bot.	Cash. Half Bot.	Credit. Bot.	Credit. Half Bot.
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
A Dinner Wine, full bodied, and of high character and flavour ..... Per doz.	19 12	12 0	22 0	13 2

CHATEAUX LA GRANGE (1885).

	Cash. Bot.	Cash. Half Bot.	Credit. Bot.	Credit. Half Bot.
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
Soft with a full and fine flavour ..... Per doz.	25 4	13 2	28 10	14 12

CHATEAU LA ROSE (1885).

	Cash. Bot.	Cash. Half Bot.	Credit. Bot.	Credit. Half Bot.
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
Extremely delicate and endowed with exquisite flavour and bouquet ..... Per doz.	33 0	17 8	35 2	19 12

CHATEAU MARGAUX (1884).

	Cash. Bot.	Cash. Half Bot.	Credit. Bot.	Credit. Half Bot.
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
Very Choice, and much sought after, possessing great fragrance and delicate bouquet ..... Per doz.	38 8	20 4	44 0	23 0

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

SAFE, SIMPLE, STABLE, SUCCESSFUL.

KEMP'S SARSAPARILLA.

Good Jamaica Sarsaparilla is one of the most valuable Alteratives and Tonics known. For all diseases arising from impurity of the BLOOD, such as Boils, Pimples, Ulcers, Scrofula, &c., it has no equal. Having been known and tried since the 16th Century, its grand qualities as a perfect BLOOD PURIFIER are too well assured to need more publicity.

The value of Sarsaparilla is enhanced fifty-fold by a scientific and exact admixture with other Blood Tonics; foremost amongst which stands IODINE, one of the most widely diffused of elementary bodies.

IODIZED SARSAPARILLA.

Our Iodized Sarsaparilla is strongly recommended in Chronic Gout, Rheumatism, &c., but especial virtues are claimed for it in constitutional disease. The most eminent authorities give their votes in its favour for this, no matter what its origin.

Per Bottle, Rs. 2-8, Rs. 4-8, and Rs. 8-8.

KEMP AND CO., LD., BOMBAY.

THORPE & CO.'S SUPERIOR FASHIONABLE FELT HATS.

GREASE-PROOF LININGS, EXTRA LIGHT
BEST QUALITY. WELL VENTILATED.
LARGE CHOICE.

SHAPES.

BLACK,
FAWN,
MOUSE,
TERRA-COTTA,
BAY BROWN,
NUT-BROWN,
GREY,
SOFT (CLERICAL), } Rs. 8-8.
VARSITY CAPS Rs. 2-8.

STRAW HATS, NAVY, WHITE, AND BLACK BANDS.

THORPE & Co. (HATTERS), BOMBAY.

VOLKART BROTHERS, BOMBAY.
ELECTRO-TECHNICAL DEPARTMENT.
CONSULTING ELECTRICIANS,
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS
AND CONTRACTORS FOR
ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
STOCK AND SHOW ROOMS:
APOLLO HOUSE, APOLLO STREET.
BOMBAY.

CHRONOGRAPHS
AND
CHRONOGRAPH WATCHES.

MESSRS. MARCKS & Co., of 43, Esplanade Road, Bombay, and at Poona, beg to inform their Constituents that the Prices of the below enumerated Chronograph Watches have been carefully revised and lowered, whilst the quality has been further improved. Being one of the Oldest Established Houses in India, with a reputation to back them, they are in a position to supply their Watches at the lowest cost, compatible with the best Workmanship and Finish.
Every Watch is guaranteed for 3 years, and is supplied in a case with Spare Glass and Mainspring.

	Rs.
Keyless Chronograph, with Minute Recorder, in Metal case	35
Do. do. in Silver case	48
Keyless double Crystal Lever Watch, with Chronograph at back	68
Keyless Lever Crystal Case Silver Watch, with Chronograph	90
The same Watch in Hunting Case	105
Keyless Lever Chronograph Silver Crystal Case Watch, with Minute Recorder	110
Keyless Lever Hunting Silver Watch, with Chronograph and Minute Recorder	125
The VERY BEST Keyless Lever Watch, with Chronograph and Minute Recorder, not varying one Minute per month	200

N. B.—This Watch can be had in Crystal, Hunting, or Half-Hunting Case.

Keyless Lever Crystal Case, 18ct. Gold Watch, with Chronograph	275
The same Watch, with Minute Recorder	290
Keyless Lever 18ct. Hunting Watch, with Chronograph	335
The same Watch with Minute Recorder	375

MESSRS. MARCKS & Co. keep an unrivalled Stock of all kinds of Chronograph Watches combined with Repeating or Calendar Works, or all three complications together, and invite inspection at their Show-rooms.

MARCKS & Co., LD.,
43, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY; ALSO AT POONA.

ELECTRIC LIGHTING.
THE LAING, WHARTON, & DOWN, CONSTRUCTION SYNDICATE,
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS, LONDON.

A REPRESENTATIVE of the above Firm is now in BOMBAY, and will be glad to submit estimates and particulars for the Lighting of Public Buildings, Mills, Factories, Churches, Palaces, Private Houses, etc., etc.

Particulars on application to Mr. PERCY MOSSOP, care of Messrs. RICHARDSON and CRUDDAS, Iron Works, Byculla, Bombay.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

KOUSANIE TEAS.

THESE Teas, grown and manufactured on the Kousanie Estates, are justly celebrated throughout the world for their superior excellence, and are without doubt the perfection of Indian Teas; their distinguishing features being great delicacy of flavour, small percentage of Tannin, and large Theine. The Kousanie Estate is in the district specially selected by Government as the most suitable for the growth of Tea, and the result has fully justified that choice—the Kousanie Tea Company having gained no less than *twelve* Medals and *ten* Prizes, in various Exhibitions in London, Paris, and India. The greatest care is bestowed on these Teas from manufacture to packing, and musters of those packed are always soaked and tested. Last Season's Teas, those now offered, through finer plucking and climatic causes, are unusually good, and those of the present Season, as far as may now be judged, promise an equal excellence.

	Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
KOUSANIE MIXTURE, a well-known Specialty from the Kousanie Gardens	1-lb. pkts., per pkt 1 6	1 9
	2-lb. pkts., per pkt 2 12	3 2
	5-lb. Cattis, per Catty 6 12	7 10
SOUCHONG, finest, in 2-lb pkts, per pkt	2 10	3 0
PEKOE, finest, in 2-lb pkts, per pkt	3 0	3 6
HYSON, young (Green), 1-lb pkt	1 10	1 13
ORANGE PEKOE, finest, 1-lb pkt	1 10	1 13
TREACHER'S OWN MIXTURE	in 1-lb. pkts., per pkt 1 0	1 2
	in 2-lb. pkts., per pkt 2 0	2 2
TREACHER'S HOUSEHOLD TEA, a small Broken Leaf Tea, per lb	0 10	0 11

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY,
TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, & POONA.

TOBACCOS.
SPECIALLY SELECTED, FINE AND FULL FLAVOURED.
In hermetically sealed patent air-tight quarter-pound Tins, easily opened without trouble.

	Rs. a.
Fruit and Honey ..... Per Tin	0 12
Silver Veil ..... "	1 0
Honour Bright ..... "	1 0
Grand National ..... "	1 0
Grand Old Bird's Eye ..... "	0 14
Bull's Eye Smoking Mixture ... "	1 0
Sportsmen ..... "	1 0

CIGARETTES.

Otto de Rose	Per Tin of 100	3	0
Silver Veil	" "	2	0

KEMP & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

KEMP'S TAN CREAM.
FOR BROWN LEATHER BOOTS, &c.
THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIAL:—
MESSRS. KEMP & Co., Ld.
DEAR SIRS,—Please send me one Dozen Bottles of YOUR TAN CREAM LEATHER POLISH. It's the best in this Country, and my brother Officers have used up the last dozen you sent me.
Yours Truly,
(Signed) R. C. S. C., Lieut.,
Hyderabad.
Per dozen, Rs. 5. Per Bottle, 8 As.

PREPARED ONLY BY
KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

FOR AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHERS.
CAV. DEL TUFO, ITALIAN PHOTOGRAPHY,
FORBES STREET, FORT, BOMBAY
AND EAST STREET, POONA.
Printing for Amateurs at the following rates:—
Quarter Plate ..... 2 Annas per Copy.
Half Plate, 6½ by 4½ ..... 3 Annas per Copy.
Full Plate, 8½ by 6½ ..... 5 Annas per Copy.
Other Sizes in Proportion.
Developing and Retouching also at a very Moderate Rate.

A LECTURE READ BY
PROFESSOR JAMES DARMESTETER
(In Pamphlet form),
Reprinted from the *Bombay Gazette*,
Annas 2. Post free.
To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Press.

FOR SALE.

MOORE & CO.'S
GREAT ANNUAL
CLEARANCE SALE,
COMMENCING WEDNESDAY, JULY 20TH, AND THROUGHOUT AUGUST.

WE shall this year offer the whole of our immense Stock, without any exception, in our Clearance Sale prior to opening our New Stock for the Cold Season. We shall offer reductions of 10 to 50 per cent. presenting unequalled advantages to buyers.
Our Illustrated Monthly Circular, with full descriptions, will be sent free of charge to any address in India.

MOORE & Co., THE CASH TRADERS, CALCUTTA.

THE Undersigned keeps in Stock MISCELLANEOUS STORES for immediate Supply, such as Mills, Ship and Railway Stores, Hardware, Ammunition, Sulphur, Blasting Powder, Fuses, Red Lead, Turpentine, Brushes, Pig Lead, all sorts of Paints, Oil, Varnishes, Ropes of best quality and all sizes, Kerosine Oil, of the well-known Brands, Cocoanut Oil, Castor Oil, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

FOR SALE.
SNOW FLAKE KEROSINE OIL 150°, arrived.
A fresh consignment, ex Paul Revere, Rs. 3-12-0 per case wholesale.
Orders for large and small quantities will be attended to.
હેપ્તુલા શેકમાદમની કું૰
i. e., HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM and Co.,
Agents for Messrs. Curtis's and Harvey's Gun Powder and Blasting Powder.

WILLIAM WATSON and Co.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.
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THE NEW WRIST WATCH.
TO FIT ANY SIZE OF ARM.

A HANDSOME, small sized, first quality Silver Keyless WATCH, with specially strong movement, as required for wrist wear, forming part of an artistically designed lexible bracelet, which may be pulled on or off at pleasure without the trouble of fixing or unfixing any clasp or catch, and fits comfortably to any size of arm,
A useful and beautiful present, in handsome plush case, for Rs. 70.

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CONSIGNEES of CARGO by S. S. "ALMORA" are hereby notified of her ARRIVAL from LONDON, and that she is discharging in the PRINCE'S DOCK. They are requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our Countersignature, and to remove their Cargo without delay.
All damaged Goods must be surveyed by the Steamer's Surveyor, Captain MACAULAY, before removal from the Dock premises, and all Claims must be presented duly signed by the Commander previous to the vessel leaving Port, after which no claim will be admitted.
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, August 16, 1892. Agents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	Commander.	Tons.	H. P.
LOCKSLEY HALL.....	Collin.....	3843.....	550.

THIS Steamer WILL SAIL about 15th September. Her Cabins are on the Upper Deck, and are fitted with every care for the comfort and convenience of Passengers. Electric Light throughout. Carries Surgeon and Stewardess. For further particulars apply to

EDWARD, BATES & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 18th August, 1892.

NOTICE.

THE ATTENTION of MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS, Druggists and Vaidyas, is drawn to the Government Notification, No. 6292, published at Page 773 of the Bombay "Government Gazette," Part I of the 4th instant, amending the Opium Rules and the form of License to be granted to Medical Practitioners and others, and they are hereby called upon to return to the Office of the Assistant Collector of Customs in charge, Opium Department, Bombay Custom House, the Licenses they now hold to be renewed in the revised form by the 1st of October next, after which date all Licenses in the present form will be considered as cancelled.

J. M. CAMPBELL,
Collector of Customs and Opium.

Bombay Custom House, 18th August, 1892.

THE BROACH CITY PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Broach City Press Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 2, Dean Lane, Fort, on THURSDAY, the 25th day of August, 1892, at 1 P. M. to transact the following business:—

1.—To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Accounts for the year ended 30th June 1892.

2.—To elect two Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.

3.—To appoint an Auditor for the ensuing year and to fix his remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 20th day of August to 25th day of August, 1892, both days inclusive, during which period the Books will be open for the inspection of the Shareholders.

By Order of the Board,

MOWJEE NARANDAS & Co.,
Secretaries and Managers,
Broach City Press Company, Limited.

Bombay, 18th August, 1892.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that JAVERCHUND LILLADHUR, BIBIBAI, wife of NUR MAHOMED HAJI KHAN MAHOMED, ABDREHMAN MAHOMAD and MEMON JUSUB AHAMAD, heir and legal representative of his wife YEMNABAI, have contracted to sell—

All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground, together with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house or chawl of three stories standing thereon, situate within the Fort of Bombay, on the Eastern side of Khetwady Tenth Cross Street, now called Khetwady Tenth Lane, in the Registration District and sub-district of Bombay, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under old Nos. 2118-2119, new No. a-9223, old Survey No. 812, and new No. 1-5506, 5507 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under ward No. 207 and Street No. 11, at Khetwady Tenth Lane aforesaid, containing by admeasurement 254 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the East by the Sweeper's passage, on or towards the West by the said Khetwady Tenth Lane, on or towards the North by Khetwady Back Road, and on or towards the South by the property of Khutree Ahamad Hooscin.

All persons having any claim against the said property, either by way of inheritance, gift, sale, mortgage, charge, lien, lease or otherwise, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the Undersigned at their Office, No. 79, Meadows Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim, and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.—Dated this 18th day of August, 1892.

BICKNELL AND MERWANJI,
Purchasers' Attorneys.

NOW READY.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE"

OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY*, prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the news of the week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

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Munro's Steam Boilers	3	2
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SUNDER PANDURANG,
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NOW READY.

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office on the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—

A Specially-Written Market Report.
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Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
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Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay, up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.

Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.

Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.

List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week, and Vessels expected from Out and Home Ports.

Charters and Engagement.

Annual Subscription in advance....Rs 10.
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"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this scale.

WANTED, by a young Gentleman, lately arrived from England, and a good GERMAN and FRENCH SCHOLAR, SITUATION as TUTOR in a Family or Correspondence Clerk in some Office.—Apply to "P. G.," care of this Office.

WANTED, LESSONS in Carding and Spinning. Man who has been under Parsee Tuition preferred. Apply "MEMO," Antibadmash, near Poona.

WANTED, First-Class PRESS-MAN, accustomed to Wharfdales. Address "N." care of this Office.

GOLD BROOCHES.—A select assortment of the newest designs in Lace and Fichu Brooches, all Gold, or set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls, Emeralds, Sapphires, and every variety of gems. All Gold Horse Shoes from Rs. 12. Fancy patterns set with Pearls, from Rs. 17. Diamond Brooches from Rs. 30.—MARCKS and Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

RS. 25.—A full Jewelled Silver Hunting LEVER WATCH, Warranted an Accurate Timekeeper. Rs. 25 only!—C. A. CUTTRISS and Co., Watchmakers, 41, Esplanade Road.

MONSOON SHIRTS.—6 for Rs. 15 net. Neat Stripes and White Twill; cheap absorbent and satisfactory wear.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld., Bombay.

FLOWERY, EXTRA FINE and UNSORTED ORANGE PEKOE TEAS. A fresh Consignment of New Season Teas of unrivalled quality and flavour at Re. 1-12, Re. 1-10, and Re. 1-6 per lb.—MORTON, MAJU and Co., Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

TEAS—NEW NEILGHERRY TEAS; Congou, at As. 9; Souchong, As. 12; Pekoe, Re. 1-2; Orange Pekoe, Re. 1-6 per lb. J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

DAHLIAS, 30 DISTINCT SORTS; Begonias, Gloxisias, Garden Seeds, Pumps, and other Sundries.—PALEKAR & Co., Esplanade Cross Road, Bombay.

BUYERS of Sewing Machines please demand an affirmative answer from the Seller if the Machine is manufactured by the Singer Company.—THE SINGER MANUFACTURING Co., Bombay.

THE ONLY FIRM in BOMBAY which RE-FILLS and Repairs AMONICAL and PNEUMATIC ICE MACHINES with one year's guarantee.—STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

TO LET.—On Cumballa Hill, from 1st October a very desirable BUNGALOW, having a charming view of the Sea; and containing Dining, Drawing, and Billiard Rooms, four Bedrooms, with Dressing and Bath Rooms attached. Rent Rs. 300 per month. For further particulars apply to "N. H," care of this Paper.

PRINTING PAPERS, manufactured specially for Indian Markets by Messrs. John Dickinson and Co., London.

DAILY GROUND COFFEE.—Mokha Coffee, Re. 1-4; Ceylon Coffee, Re. 1-2; and Indian Coffee, Re. 1 per lb. These Coffees are guaranteed pure and unadulterated and being roasted and ground in closed Cylinders the fine aroma is preserved.—DANTRA and Co., 33, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

BOMBAY GAZETTE Bi-Weekly Edition.—Issued on Monday and Thursday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date. Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12; Half-yearly Rs. 6: Quarterly Rs. 3, to Subscribers in Bombay, in the Mofussil postage extra.

TO CLEAR A CONSIGNMENT.—The following Wines of best qualities can be had very cheap:—Legarde and Co.'s Champaigne, Muscatel and Prunello Wines, Cocoa Bitters, and Chateau Margaux Claret, from JEEJEEBHAI JEHANGEER and Co., Marine Street; also FRASER and Co., CHEMISTS, Sub-Agents, Cowasjee Patel Street, Fort.

HOP-ALE, Ginger-Ale, Raspberry ade, Gingerade, Lemonade, Tonic Water, and Seltzer, 12 Annas per dozen.—ROGERS and Co., Hummum Street.

FORMS OF POWER of ATTORNEY neatly printed. Price 4 annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

£1,692,564 NEW ASSURANCES were issued by the STANDARD in 1891, the Largest Record yet made by the Company. Apply SECRETARY, Standard Life Office, Bombay and Calcutta.

POONA SEASON.—THE POONA HOTEL is a First-Class Upper-Storied Hotel in Poona. It is most centrally and conveniently situated, is open to westerly breeze, and affords all the comforts of a home. Terms Moderate.

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SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady, trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms, apply to "B. L. A.," care of Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., Rampart Row.

FELIX CORNAGLIA, Manufacturing Confectioner, Importer of French, English and Italian Stores and Wines, Sweets and Chocolates fresh made always ready. Cakes of every description,—83, Meadows Street, Fort.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY.—Historical, Statistical and Descriptive, contains valuable information. Revised and corrected up to date. Price, Rs. 5, with postage Rs. 5-4. for sale at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

F. BAULCH, PIANOFORTE TUNER and REPAIRER, 3 years to T. R. H. Duke and Duchess of Connaught. Pianos FOR SALE. Church Gate Street. Tunings Rs. 5.

WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency Business. 1, Trafalgar Buildings, Charing Cross, London.

FOOT-BALL BLADDERS, Rs. 2-8 each; Foot-Balls, Association, Rs. 6-8 each; Foot-Ball Inflators, Rs. 2-8 and Rs. 2-12 each; Perfect Seamless Tennis Balls, Rs. 11 per doz.; Ayre's Champion Tennis Balls, Rs. 12-8 each; Demon, Rs. 11-8 each.—BULL and Co., Apollo Bunder, Importers of Bovril and Hungarian Wines.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An indispensable book for Travellers in India and the East, contains the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer routes in India, and the Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price 8 Annas. Coloured Map of India revised from official sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office and at all Booksellers and Railway Stations.

IF you are really in want of Good DOMESTIC SERVANTS and OFFICE CLERKS, go to the REGISTRY OFFICE, 18, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, where you will get Good Certified Men.

WATERPROOF BILLIARD COVERS, indispensable during the Monsoon. A small lot of these just to hand. Apply to JOHN ROBERTS and Co., Ld., 18, Marine Street.

WILL FORMS OF DIFFERENT KINDS. Price 8 As. each. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

ROTHERHAM AND SONS' ENGLISH KEYLESS GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, in hunting, half-hunting and open faced cases, ¾ plate, with compensation Balance, Guaranteed to keep perfect time.—CURSETJEE COWASJEE G. I. P. Railway Watchmaker, 42, Meadows Street.

18, Nothingham Place, York Gate, Regents' Park. N. W.—Visitors to London will find elegant accommodation, with First Class Board, at the above address. The house is situated in a most central position, being only two minutes' walk from Baker Street Station and within easy access to all Theatres. Highly recommended For Terms, &c., apply to Miss FURRELL, 18, Nottingham Place.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business ANNOUNCEMENTS, BILL FORMS, BOOKS, PAMPHLETS, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and at lowest rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

THOUSANDS die by Snake-bites, but Thousands of Feverish Patients have been saved by BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE and PILLS. Surgeon-Major A. S. G. Jayakar, Civil Surgeon, Muscat:—"I have used Batliwala's Ague Mixture with success." Surgeon M. R. Reporter, 19th Regiment:—"I have found Batliwala's Ague Mixture very efficacious," &c., &c. C. Greengrass, Esq., Contractor, Tansa W. Works:—"Found it of wonderful efficacy in every case." R. Crizzie, Esq., in charge, Tunnels, Gollkara:—"I consider it a marvel." Mrs. Temple, Bellary:—"It is a sure cure for malarial FEVER." P. Daly, Esq., Chief Guard, S. M. Railway:—"It is really a dying man's Gold Drops." Send your orders to Dr. H. L. BATLIWALA, Dadur, Bombay. May also be had of KEMP & Co., PHILLIPS & Co., and DANTRA & Co., at Rs. 1.

ILLUMINATIONS FOR FESTIVITIES!!! The Portable Electric Light Installation of the "Bombay Gazette" has been renewed and enlarged, and is available for lighting up Public Entertainments, Wedding Festivities, &c. Apply to the ELECTRICIAN, "Bombay Gazette."

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY, No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 20th inst., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, a quantity of grey and colored piece-goods, &c.

AT 1-30 P. M.

1 handsome strong English-built Landau by Silk and Son.
1 strong palanquin office shigram in good order.
1 second-hand strong victoria with removeable coach box.
1 strong mail-phaeton convertible into a waggonette.
1 strong bay Arab horse, quiet to ride and drive.
1 chesnut Arab gallaway, goes well in saddle.

The property of an officer going to England—

1 dark grey Cabul pony, 13-2, 9 years old.
1 chesnut C. B. pony, 13-1, aged, both go well in harness.

Also well-built dog-cart by Stephens, and harness, suitable for above.

BONA FIDE SALE.

ESTATE OF G. G. CRAIG.

Under instructions from the Attorney of the Trustee appointed by the Court of Bankruptcy in London, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will, on MONDAY, the 22nd instant, at 1 p.m., sell by Public Auction at Meadow Street, Fort, below Mr. Nasserwanji M. Petit's Office (where the whole of the furniture is removed for sale) the very valuable and handsome substantial made teakwood french-polished household furniture, by John Roberts," best glass and crockery ware, first rate pictures, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese vases, rich Persian carpets, very valuable books, camera with lenses, photographic kit, violin, banjo, English concertina, large size English marble clock showing days, dates, months, and phases of the moon, by "J. Sewell," medicine chest, fishing tackle, brass mounted single harness, gentleman hunting saddle, &c.

Catalogues are published, and the property is on view.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

ESTATE OF BEYTS, CRAIG & CO.

Under instructions from the Attorney of Trustee appointed by Court of Bankruptcy in London, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on WEDNESDAY, the 24th inst., at 1 p.m., sell by Public Auction at Sirdar's Palace, Apollo Street, Fort, the whole of the office furniture consisting of writing tables, chairs, pigeon holes, cupboards, punkhas, two strong fire proof safes on stands, one by "Chubbs" and another by "Henry Elwell," &c., &c.

The above will be on view 2 days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED GOODS, SWEEPINGS, &c., AT THE G. I. P. RAILWAY GOODS DEPARTMENT, WARI BUNDER.

On WEDNESDAY, the 31st inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at the above-mentioned place—

A quantity of unclaimed goods and sweepings.

Also on account and risk of the Army Navy and Civil Service Co-operative Society of India, or whom it may concern—

6 hogsheads of Ale, ex-Belgaum, to Wari Bunder, under invoice No. 148, marked "252."

On THURSDAY, the 25th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "Denna Lodge," Ridge, Malabar Hill (where the whole kit has been removed for sale), the very valuable and handsome well-seasoned teak and blackwood french-polished household furniture of the latest design, and best workmanship, best plated ware, very rich crockery and glassware, very handsome China and Japanese vases, rich table ornaments, first-rate oil-paintings in gilt frame, magnificent Satsuma and Kanga vases, a first-rate mahogany grand square piano by Soundy and Co., in very good order, a handsome strong-built victoria with a fast-trotting grey Arab horse, very handsome Hink's and Ditmar's table and hanging lamps, &c., the property of J. C. E. BRANSON, Esq., Accountant-General of Allahabad.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE, by order of the Trustees for the Debenture-holders, of the MAHARANI ICE Co., Ld.

Under instructions of the Trustees of the Debenture-holders of the Maharani Ice Co., Ld., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will (unless previously privately disposed of) on TUESDAY, the 15th prox., at 4 p.m., sell by Public Auction, on the premises, the property of the above-named Company in one lot, consisting of the lease of the property situated at No. 5, Armenian Lane, Fort, together with new and old boilers, engines, pumps, refrigerators, condensers, shafting, ice and water tanks, electric light machinery, filters, engine stores, engine tools, spare machinery, furniture, scales, tools, &c., &c.

Full particulars of the above property, together with the conditions of sale, can be obtained from the Managing Trustee, Mr. Chubildas Laloobhoy, at Messrs. James Mackintosh and Co., or at the office of Messrs. Brown and Moir, Solicitors, or at the Rooms of the undersigned.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, August 19, 1892.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY, No. 7, MARINE STREET.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY IN KHOJA STREET, OUTSIDE THE FORT.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 19th inst., at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the mortgagee and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Syed Kassum Syed Hossein Attari in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage, dated the 28th day of October 1891, the following property, viz:—

All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground, together with the messuage or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being without the Fort of Bombay, at New Town, fronting on the eastern side of Khoja Street, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, formerly as well as now in the occupation of the mortgagor and his tenants, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue for quit and ground, under old No. 2503, new No. 9523, old survey No. 903, and new survey No. 4346, assessed by the Municipality under ward C No. 7253, street Nos. 145, 147, 149 and 151, containing by admeasurement 130 8-9 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the east by the sweeper's passage, on the west by the aforesaid Khoja Street, on the north by vacant ground belonging to the said Hajee Noor Mahomed Hajee Abdulla, and on the south by the house of Jadhowjee Nathoo.

For particulars and conditions of sale application to be made to the mortgagee's Attorney, Mr. T. A. Bland, at his office, in Meadows Street.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY next, the 22nd inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms a quantity of grey white and coloured piece-goods and the following:—

On account and at the risk of Messrs. D. Mody and Co., the indenting firm, and their client Hajee Ebrahim Fakeer Mahomed.

H E
C 3 cases containing 35 dozen Lava mirrors, No. 350 B
698 and 1 sample collection of lava mirrors.
F M
50 dozen pocket lanterns No. 1747.
10 Gross candles No. 180.
3 „ picture frames.

On account and at the risk of Noorbhoy Jee wajee.—
3 casks bolts and nuts and pole chains.

On account of the concerned.
10 cases plate glass slips.

On account and at the risk of Merwanjee No wrojee.
5 cases silvered plate glass.

AT 2 P M.

1 Strong serviceable office shigram.
1 Light and strong victoria.
1 Second hand double seated brougham
1 Brown's ball bearing bicycle and any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY AT MATOONGA, NEAR THE RAILWAY STATION.

On TUESDAY, the 23rd instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the mortgagee, Gosavi Jagdevgar Shivgar, and on account and at the risk of the estate of the late Pragjee Panajee, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage, dated the 4th day of April 1890, the following property, viz.:—

All that piece of ground with the messuage or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate at Matoonga in the Island of Bombay, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1938 square yards or thereabouts, registered under Collector's old Nos. 398 and 398, new Nos. A 13263 and B 13263, new survey Nos. 7-226 and 8-226, assessed by the Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under No. and bounded on the east by the vacant ground belonging to Philip Jao on the west by the foot-path, and beyond that by the property of Kemjee Keval, on the north by the property of Church of St. Michael, and on the south by the property of Pragji Panaji.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

BONA FIDE SALE.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on FRIDAY, the 26th instant, at 2 p.m. at "Hope Hall," Mazagon, near the Hancock Bridge, the handsome blackwood and teakwood french-polished household furniture, crockery and glassware, plateware, d. b. e. f. gun in case by Hollis, Hink's hanging and table lamps, English double bedstead with wire mattress, &c., the property of the late Captain G. J. RAFFIN.

The property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY ON THE DUNCAN ROAD.

On TUESDAY, the 30th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of Mr. Lukhmidass Morarjee, the assignee of the mortgagee, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor, Purdesi Luxman Meghajee Aheer Gowli, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage, dated the 26th day of February, 1885, and made between the said mortgagor of the one part and Toolseedas Ludha of the other part.

All that piece of Government ground, with the messuage or dwelling-house, and premises standing thereon, situate without the Fort of Bombay, on the western side of Duncan Road, in the sub-district of Fort, formerly and now in the occupation of the said Luxman Meghajee and his tenants, assessed by the Collector of Assessment, formerly under No. 33, and now under No. 43, containing by admeasurement 395 and eight-ninths square yards or thereabouts, and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No 2884, and standing in the name of the said Purdesi Luxman Meghajee, both in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue and of the Municipality, and bounded on the east by the Duncan Road, on the west by the property of Keshow Kurson, on the north by vacant ground belonging to Shaikh Boolun Butcher, and on the south by the house of Alladin Jeewajee.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, August 19, 1892.

NOW READY—5th EDITION.

ON THE MODERN TREATMENT OF NERVOUS DISEASES and EXHAUSTION IN MEN by LOCAL ABSORPTION, with Testimonials, showing how to obtain a speedy and permanent restoration, without stomach medicines. POST FREE.

E. NORTON,
HOLBORN, LONDON, W. C., ENGLAND.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co., No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS, FORT.

SALE of unclaimed books, periodicals, obliterated foreign stamps, silver anklets, 2 cases handkerchieves, Price's perfumery, kerosine lamps, &c.

By order of the Postmaster-General, Bombay, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 19th instant, at 2 p.m., at their sale rooms, No. 4, Forbes and Medows Streets, Fort, the contents of book packets, parcels, &c., remained unclaimed in the Dead Letter Office beyond the prescribed time, consisting books, periodicals, obliterated foreign stamps, illustrated papers, photo views, handkerchieves, pipes, sample cloth, hair curer drugs, stereos, &c.

Also by order of the Chief Presidency Magistrate, consisting silver anklets, rings, watch, small piece gold chain, caps, brass vases, &c.

Also by order and on account of the concerned, consisting 2 cases damask and white handkerchieves, Price's perfumery, kerosine lamps, &c.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, August 19, 1892.

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

PAID-UP CAPITAL—£800,000.
RESERVE FUND—£250,000.

HEAD OFFICE:
HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

INTEREST ALLOWED

On CURRENT ACCOUNTS at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balances up to Rs. 1,00,000.

On FIXED DEPOSITS for
12 months at 4 per cent. per annum.
6 „ „ 3 „ „
3 „ „ 2 „ „

All Letters should be addressed, and Remittances made Payable to THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

J. B. LEE,
Acting Agent.

NATIONAL BANK of INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL....£ 1,000,000.
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£ 500,000.
RESERVE FUND .....£ 100,000.

HEAD OFFICE:
47, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.

BRANCHES:

CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KARACHI, DELHI, RANGOON, TUTICORIN, KANDY, AND MANDALAY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances when the sum at credit exceeds Rs. 1,000.

When the accrued interest for Six Months does not amount to Rs. 10, no interest is allowed.

DEPOSITS are received for Fixed Periods at Rates of Interest which may be ascertained on application.

BILLS of EXCHANGE payable in the Principal Cities of Europe, India, and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day on the Bank's Head Office and Branches, also on Provincial Towns in Great Britain, on Paris and on the Chief Towns in Australia and New Zealand; and, when required, the Bank will forward the First of Exchange to the payees, free of charge. Remittances may also be sent by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$	100,00,000
Reserve Fund	$	63,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$	100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

F. DE BOVIS, *Chief Manager.*

London Bankers.—LONDON and COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

LONDON COMMITTEE:

ALBERT DEACON, Esq., (of Messrs. R. & A. Deacon).
E. F. DUNCANSON, Esq., (of Messrs. T. A. Gibb & Co).
WM. KESWICK, Esq., (of Messrs. Jardine Matheson & Co.
DAVID MACLEAN, Esq., 31, Lombard Street, E. C.
WM. ANASTATIUS JONES, Esq., (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited)

THOMAS J. JACKSON } Managers.
EWEN CAMERON }

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI,

AMOY.	HANKOW.	PENANG.
BANGKOK.	HIOGO.	SAIGON.
BATAVIA.	ILOILO.	SAN FRANCISCO
BOMBAY.	LYONS.	SINGAPORE.
CALCUTTA.	MANILA.	TIENTSIN.
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	YOKOHAMA.
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	

BOMBAY AGENCY.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 1 Per Cent. on Daily Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000.

Money taken on Deposit for fixed Periods on terms to be learnt on Application.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

J. C. NICHOLSON,
Acting Agent.

40, Church Gate Street, Bombay, and at 31, Dalhousie Square, South, Calcutta.

INSURANCES.

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

FIRE—LIFE—MARINE.

CAPITAL FULLY SUBSCRIBED £2,500,000
Life Fund in Special Trust for Life
Policyholders £1,372,227

TOTAL INVESTED FUNDS EXCEED TWO-AND-A-HALF MILLIONS.

Total Annual Income £1,500,000

AGENTS AT BOMBAY:—WALLACE & CO.

GUARANTEES AGAINST EMBEZZLEMENT.

INDIAN GUARANTEE AND SURETYSHIP ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE: ALBERT BUILDING, BOMBAY.

Funds in Government Securities and remain in India.

THE Association provides security for the Intromissions and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F. I. A.,
Secretary.

ESTABLISHED IN A. D. 1888.

S. N. GHOSH'S COMPOUND DECOCTION SARSAPARILLA.

THIS Preparation has been prescribed with great success in cases of Weakness, Scurvy, Scrofula, Rheumatic Affections, Sore-eyes and all other diseases arising from impurities of the blood. Price: Re. 1-8 per Phial, packing, As. 4; Dozen, Rs. 15.

WONDERFUL RHEUMATIC OIL, S. N. G.'S.

It is a valuable remedy in Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Rheumatic Gout, &c., of any standing. Price Re. 1 per Phial; packing, As. 2; Dozen, Rs. 10.

SPLEEN MIXTURE, S. N. G.'S

Is one of the best and most reliable medicines for Spleen Enlargement, and never fails to give relief. Price; Re. 1-4 per Phial; packing, As. 2; Dozen, Rs. 12.

S. N. GHOSH, Chemist,
No. 85, Bechoo Chatterjee Street, Calcutta.

NOTES:

INDIAN LAND REVENUE,

FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY,

BY

TODAR MAL.

Price, Re. 1. Postage half-anna.

Copies can be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

NOTICES.

MESSRS. KING, KING & Co. beg to announce, that in view of possible INCONVENIENCE CAUSED to certain Members of the MILITARY and CIVIL SERVICE by the recent SUSPENSION of the New Oriental Bank Corporation, Ld., they are willing to make ADVANCES against Credit Balances on that Bank to Officers and Civilians, on their OPENING CURRENT ACCOUNTS with them.

PRINTING PAPERS Manufactured by Messrs. JOHN DICKINSON and Co., London, specially for Indian Markets.

To-day's issue of the *Bombay Gazette* is printed on J. D. & Co.'s LION BRAND ORANGE LABEL, Glazed Quality Printings.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

In the Matter of the Indenture of Trust for the Debenture-Holders of The ALBERT EDWARD MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED, dated the 30th day of September, 1890.

NOTICE is hereby given that on FRIDAY, the 23rd day of September, 1892, at 3 of the clock in the afternoon, the Trustees of the abovenamed Indenture will, pursuant to the power in that behalf vested in them in virtue of the same Indenture, put up for SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION, in one lot at the Office of their Solicitors, Messrs. NANU and HORMASJEE, No. 23, Medows Street, within the Fort of Bombay, the Mill property of the abovenamed Company, consisting of Lands, Buildings, and Machinery. The Lands admeasure a total area of 6 acres and 9¼ coontas or thereabouts, and are held under underleases from Messrs. Greaves, Cotton and Company for 99 years, out of which only about 13 years have expired, at the aggregate yearly rent of Rupees 424, and rent of well Rupees 161 yearly. The Machinery consists of 36,934 Spindles, 3 Boilers and 1 Engines of 60 Nominal Horse Power, all by well known makers and all other requisite plant and accessories for a Cotton Spinning Mill. The premises may be viewed during day time on application to Messrs. Greaves, Cotton and Company, Broach, and for further particulars and conditions of sale apply after the 15th August

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.					
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	500	Rs. 25	1,015xd
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	9 pr. ct.	1,020
BankofMadras	10,000	500	all	6 pr. ct.	880
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	110
Charter Bank	40,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£28
Ghar. Mercantile	30,000	£25	£25	5 pr. ct.	300
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	$125	all	15 pr. ct.	£54
National Bank of India	40,000	£25	£12½	6 pr. ct.	180
New Oriental Bank	50,000	£10	all	6 pr. ct.	Nil
Silver Share	...	...	...	...	...

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Last Dividend.	
Alcock Ashdown	{ 1,000 / 750	200 / 50	200 / 150	10 / 7½	280 / 195
BackBay Bathg	600	50	50	12	40
Badhan Pile	5,000	100	100	10	90
Bapty Brothers	6,625	200	185	18	42
Berar Oil Mills Co., Limited	1,250	100	all	Nil.	100nom.
Bombay Fire Insurance	600	2,500	1,000	75	1,100
Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	270	4,150
Do. New Issue	500	375	625	67½	1,040
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	ex div 2	88
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	400	500	500	3 pr. ct.	630
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	500	500	Rs. 25	875
Deccan Ice Co.	1,170	100	100	4 pr. ct.	15
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000		500	5 pr. ct.	385
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	1,500	200	200	Rs. 14	140
Geyer&Co., Ld.	500	100	70	...	70 nom.
Indian Guarantee Surety Ship Assn	5,000	100	10	10 pr.ct.	16
John Roberts & Co.	1,500	100	100	10 pr.ct.	102
Kemp & Co.	4,000	200	175	26	315
Kurrachee Landing	500	500	300	30	130
Maharanee Ice Manufacturing Co.	3,500	100	100	Nil.	30
Marcks & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	Rs. 10	88½
NapierHotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr.ct.	50
NapierFoundry	1,000	100	200	...	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	12 pr. ct.	185
Oriental Loan	5,000	20	20	8 pr. ct.	15
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	6 pr. ct.	80xd.
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,000	1,000	20	455
Prince of Wales Firein.	250	8,000	1,000	N dvd.	2,350
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	...	20
Soundy & Co.	1,000	100	100	9	80
Southwell and Austin, Ld.	Ord. 1,000	100	100	5 pr. ct.	20
Do.	Prf. 1,000	100	100	10 pr. ct.	100
Treacher & Co.	2,00	500	all	60	800
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100	10	68
Telephone Co.	9,200	25	25	Re. 1	19½

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad	600	1,500	1,000	90	1,400
Alliance	1,500	100	all	Rs. 20	493
Anglo-Indian	1,345	100	100	5	85
Bellary S & W Co. Ld. (Bellary)	871	0	all	9 per ct.	500
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	25	590
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co.	600	500	500	20	420
Bombay National Manfg. Co. Ld.	500	1,000	1,000	...	350nom.
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	30	500
Central India	1,000	500	500	40	1,185
China Mills Co. Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	Nil	550
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,100
Connaught Mills	600	500	500	10 pr. ct.	710xd
Colaba Land & Mill	4,000	700	700	12½	655
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	445
Coral Mills Co., Ld.	5,628	100	100	50	457½
David Mill	1,400	500	500	Rs. 20	450
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	60	825
Empress	2,100	500	500	10 pr. ct.	645xd.
Framjee Petit	1,250	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	510
Gordon Mills	2,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	145
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	790
Hingunghat Mill	700	500	500	40	660
Howard and Bulloughs	1,500	500	500	25 / Rs. 50	680
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	..	1,000
ImperialCotton	900	500	500	...	405
Indian Manfg.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs.	1,090
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	10 pr. ct.	660xd.
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	Nil	340
JamshedManufacturing Co.	1,800	250	250	12½	213¾
Jewraz Baloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	830
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld.	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	500 xd
Khandeish	750	1,000	1,000	30	655
Khangaum Manfg. Co.	400	250	250	Nil	720
Khatao Manufacturing	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	530
Leopold	3,500	100	100	15 pr. ct.	190
Lord Reay Mfg	455	1,000	1,000	35	700
LukmidasSpinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	1,150
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	500	2,350
Mahaluxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil	400
Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga)	2,400	500	500	15 pr. ct.	500 nom
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70	1,540
Mazagon	5,000	0	250	6	125
Morarji Gocul-das	1,050	1,000	1,000	70	1,900
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co.	4,50	100	100	7 pr. ct.	105
Madura Mills	7,779	100	100	Nil.	par
National	500	1,000	1,000	Nil.	160
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	650
Oriental	5,725	625	625	Rs. 12½	450
Presidency Mills Co (Ld.)	743	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,360
Queen Mills	1,800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	780
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	1,100
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	5	1,455
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	0	1,230
Soomerdas	750	1,000	1,000	35	625
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Nil	110
Southern Mahratta	1,212	250	250	12½	299½
Sun Mills, Ld.	1,300	250	250	12½	267½
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	20	400
Swadeshi Mills	3,000	500	500	Rs. 25	505
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co.	900	1,000	1,000	50	620
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	25	360
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	765
Wadia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	...	710
Union Mills, Ld	900	1,000	1,000	...	500

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly	
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	75	1,200
Albert Ginning Co	100	500	all	18 pr. ct.	450 / 980
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100		205
Apollo	750	2,400	2,200	90	300
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	Nil.	125
Bombay Cotton	1,000	125	125	Rs. 40	
Breul's Cawnpore Press Co. Ld.	500	200	200	10	135 / 220
Broach City Press Co., Ld.	600	200	all	16	300 / 325
Colaba	500	1,880	1,880	...	1,450
East India	350	1,000	1,000	45 dvd	175
English Press and Manfg.	400	250	...	130	850
Fort	515	2,500	2,500	Rs. 20	850
French	300	500	all	100	455
Harvey and Sabapathy	450	500	500	50	138½ / 475
Hingoli Press Co., Ld.	750	400	all	50	525
Khangaum	240	450	450	32½	
Mahmadpura Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld.	300	500	500	63	500 / 85 / 99½
Mercantile	1,000	125	125	7½ pr. ct.	470
Mofussil Co.	3,125	400	400	Rs. 40	260
Munmar M	1,000	250	all	Rs. 35	605
New Berar	1,200	500	500	Rs. 55	127½
New Indian	4,000	125	125	Rs. 12	405
Prince of Wales	100	500	500		500
Sabapathy (Bellary)	500	500	75	20	500
Sassoon	300	500	500	20	
Sind and Punjab Co.	100	1,000	1,000	25	1,150 / 445
Sind	400	2,000	750	135	
Sorab Woollen Mills	1,200	250	250	25	210
Surat City Press Co., Ld.	375	200	all	75	245
Volkart	...	1,000	100	Rs. 100	985

PRICES OF BULLION.

Sovereigns	Rs.	16-5
Carolas	"	235
Mexican Dollars	"	225
Five Franc Pieces Gold	"	319
Bar Silver	"	106-10
Gold Leaf	"	25
Bar Gold, English	"	25-6
Bar Australian	"	26
Bar Bombay	"	26
Bar Pekin	"	25-4

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Municipal Sanitation Committee, 3 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday :—Mayfield (s), from Moulmein ; and Gwalior (s), Hongkong.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—Lindula (s), and Kt. Templar (s), for Calcutta ; and Chilka (s), Rangoon, &c.

POLO.—There will be a game to-day, (W. P.) at 5 p.m.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s.s. Naderi and Brahman entered the dock yesterday, and the s.s. Neera on Wednesday ; and the s.s. Trevorian left it yerterday.

A LAND-SLIP.—On Wednesday evening, at about 6-30 o'clock, a portion of the east-side of Nowroji Hill slipped and fell down, burying under the *debris* a zinc-roofed shed, situated immediately below it, belonging to Huraoksee Shunker. The shed was filled with bags of grain, but fortunately no one was injured.

AN AUDACIOUS THIEF.—Mr. Pestonjee Nanabhoy Coorlawalla, residing at Chikal Wadi, reported to the police that his servant, named Naoroji Byramjee, *alias* Hormusji Muncherjee Cama, aged 19 years, had absconded on the morning of Wednesday last, carrying with him a diamond gold ring, worth Rs. 600, a gold snuff-box, valued at Rs. 200, sixteen currency notes of Rs. 10 each, one of Rs. 20, Rs. five in cash, and two keys, a purse and a white *bundi*, valued at Rs. 2, the whole property collectively valued at Rs. 987. The accused had been taken into service by the complainant on the 12th instant. A Parsee, named Rustomjee Jehangir, pointed out the accused, at Dhobi Talao, while trying to dispose of a portion of the stolen property. He was thereupon arrested, and all the property except Rs. 12, was found in his possession. On further inquiries, it was discovered that the accused had been out of jail only on the 1st of this month, and that he had entered the services of Mr. Pherozshaw Cursetjee Dubash, living at Churney Road, on the 8th instant, and absconded that very evening, taking with him two metal watches, valued at Rs. 16 and Rs. 16 in cash. The accused was placed yesterday before Mr. Hamilton, the Second Presidency Magistrate, at the Girgaum Police Court, and the case was remanded.

HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice JARDINE, and the Hon. Mr. Justice TELANG.)

ROBBED AND MURDERED.

IMPERATRIX VS. PIRIA RAMA.

THIS was an appeal from a decision of Mr. J. W. Walker, Sessions Judge of Satara, who, on the 9th July last, convicted the accused of murder and sentenced him to death. Mr. S. V. Bhandarkar appeared for the accused, and the Government Pleader for the Crown.

The accused was charged with committing murder by intentionally causing the death of Vithu Kernak, and committing robbery and dishonestly receiving stolen property. It was proved that Vithu, a Mahar of the village of Oud, left it on the morning of the 25th May last to take Rs. 98-12-0 to the Taluka Treasury at Karad. He did not return, and on the 27th his body was found half-way between Oud and Karad. Some papers and account-books which he was taking to Karad were found lying about, but the money was missing. The medical evidence showed that Vithu's death was caused by many wounds from some instrument like an axe. The wounds had fractured the skull and ribs, and the throat was cut through. The accused was also a Mahar of the same village. The case against him was that he was seen close to Vithu near the place of the murder and was seen killing Vithu. He was seen with an axe and washing it. He had borrowed an axe and did not return it. He produced the axe with the handle broken, and Rs. 97-4-0 in a cap in which Vithu was taking the money. There was also evidence that accused gave a man one rupee, and a woman eight annas ; and this made up the exact sum which Vithu had. The accused admitted that he produced Rs.60, but said the money was not more and was not in the cap. Santi, a Mahar woman, said she was going along the road on the 25th May, and saw Vithu come and sit under a tree, and that then the accused came up with an axe and gave him a wound across the throat, and Vithu held up his hand and cried out "Oh, don't kill me." Accused then struck him several other blows and left. She did not go near the body, but went home and told no one. Next day she told a Mahar, and later on a constable came, and she told him. Upon the evidence, the Sessions Judge had no reasonable doubt as to the guilt of the accused, and sentenced him to death.

Their Lordships, on a consideration of all the circumstances of the case, dismissed the appeal, confirming the sentence of death passed upon the accused.

MURDER OF A WIFE.

IMPERATRIX VS. SIDRAM VALAD NINGAPA.

THIS was an appeal from a decision of Mr. S. Tagore, Sessions Judge of Sholapur-Bijapur, who in June last, convicted the accused of murder and sentenced him to transportation for life. Mr. M. C. Apte appeared for the accused ; and the Government Pleader for the Crown.

The accused was charged with having committed murder by causing the death of his wife Sheku, about fifteen years of age, who was married to the accused five or six years ago. She was living with her parents for some time, and the accused did not care to send for her, as he suspected her of unchastity. He was induced, however, to change his mind, and on the 9th May last brought his wife home from her parents. On the same day at 8-30 p.m., the accused, on returning from a wedding, finding his wife alone in his room, in a fit of anger and jealousy, plunged a dagger into her throat, inflicting a deep wound, from the effects of which she died in a few minutes. Accused rushed out of the room, past his mother, and ran away. His mother raised an alarm which attracted her husband and neighbours to the spot. The girl was lying dead in the courtyard in a pool of blood. On the day after the occurrence, the accused left Sholapur for Gulburga and kept away for several days. He was arrested by a policeman at Kadabgaon on the 16th May. The blanket he had on his head was found stained with blood. In consequence of information received from him, the police found in a dung-heap, in the courtyard of his house, the dagger with which the deceased was said to have been stabbed It appeared that after the accused ran away, the deceased came out of the room and fell down in the courtyard with a wound in the neck, from which blood was gushing out. When arrested, the accused was found to be under the influence of opium, which he had taken evidently with a view to commit suicide. He made a full confession of his guilt before the committing Magistrate, in which he clearly confessed to having stabbed his wife in the throat with the dagger in Court, because he suspected her of carrying on an intrigue with one Revansidda. Considering the extreme youth of the prisoner, the likelihood of his having received some provocation from the deceased, and the motive which actuated him in killing an unfaithful wife, the Sessions Judge abstained from passing the capital sentence, and sentenced the accused to transportation for life.

Their Lordships, on looking to the evidence and the arguments of the pleaders, rejected the appeal.

HIGH COURT.—AUGUST 19.

(Before the Hon'ble the Acting CHIEF JUSTICE and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice FARRAN.)

For Dismissal.

753—Brown and M—Bhugwandas Ramjeedas and another vs Kanyalal Jeynarayen.

For Argument on Commissioner's Report and for further Direction.

681—Tyabjee D and J—Khudeza Begum alias Doolan Begum vs Mohesoo—Crawford B and Co—Part heard.

Application re Re-hearing Suit.

12790-92—Ardasir H and D—Vussonjee Tricamjee and others vs The Southern Mahratha Railway Co.

Reference from the Bombay Court of Small Causes.

5724-92—Framjee Manockjee Poonjeejee and another vs The Secretary of State for India in Council—F A Little.

Appeals for Hearing and Final Disposal.

742—Bicknell and M—Rahimabai vs Hajee Hassum Hajee Abdula Nurani—Tyabjee D and J.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice PARSONS.)

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Postponed Long Causes.

665-91—Manshuklal D and J—Ooka Gujajee and another vs Ramchundra Withoba—H S Dikshit—Part heard.

146-92—Brown and M—Luiza Maria De Souza vs Augusta De Quaridros—Roughton and B.

183-92—Chitnis M and M—The Hon'ble F L Latham vs Mayaram Bhanjee and others—Payne G and S.

216-92—Brown and M—Domingos Francisco Quiny vs Catharina Quiny and others—Brown and M.

230-92—K J Mantry—Lukmidas Topun vs Ahmed Alla and others—Framjee and M.

149-92—Bhaishunker and K—Charles Agnew Turner vs Thucker Vassonjee Nandjee and others—Postonjee R and K, C B and Co and Chitnis M and M.

123-92—Postonjee R and K—Otto Martin and others vs Shamjee Veerjee and others—Thakurdas D and C.

707-90—Craigie L and O—The Chartered Bank of I, A and China vs Allarakhia Arab and another—Payne G and S.

686-91—In person, a pauper—Ramdayal Anandiram vs Deviden Madarilal and others—In person.

205-92—Little S F and B—Goverdhundas Purmanandas and others vs Ballajee Appajee Nallocar Gowley—In person.

621-91—Janardhen and A—C A Turner vs Abdool Kadur Haji Abdulla and others—T A Bland.

THE CHARGE OF EMBEZZLEMENT BY A CLERK.

AT the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday afternoon, Mr. W. Webb, Third Presidency Magistrate, resumed the hearing of the case in which Vinayek Narayan, recently a cashier in Messrs. Southwell and Austin, was charged with criminal breach of trust as a servant in respect of Rs. 20-8. Mr. Hemming, of the firm of Messrs. Turner and Hemming, appeared for the prosecution. Mr. Morojee Kashinath, pleader, defended the accused.

Mrs. Piper was further cross-examined by Mr. Hemming regarding a certain enquiry that was at first set afoot in respect of a stolen article at Poona. The case was at first placed in the hands of the police, but subsequently the investigation was stopped at Mrs. Piper's instance.

Mr. Hemming then proceeded to ask Mrs. Piper in regard to the case recently decided by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, who ordered Mrs. Piper's discharge on the accusation of theft.

The Magistrate : The case has been decided. Is it necessary to go into the case ? I really must stop the question.

In re-examination Mrs. Piper said it was the duty of the clerk Raojee to make entries in the rough cash-book, from which the fair cash-book was written up by the accused Vinayek Narayan.

Mr. Piper was then examined on behalf of the defence. He said that when the accused was asked by himself and the liquidators' manager to explain certain discrepancies in the cash-book, he said he was very ill, and added that it was Raojee's duty to enter these omitted items into the rough cash-book which Raojee not having done, the discrepancies had occurred. Raojee was then called, and he seemed to coincide with what had fallen from the accused. The accused then called for the production of certain books for reference ; but Mr. Smith refused to produce them without the permission of Mr. Neill, one of the liquidators, who was at Poona at that time. Then it was, the witness believed, that Vinayek offered to make good the defficiency ; but as witness was not sure of the fact, he would not swear to the statement.

In cross-examination Mr. Piper said that the institution of a prosecution against the accused having been agreed to by Mr. Camulsey Premjee and Mr. Neill, his approval was asked at a subsequent meeting to the resolution, and he accorded it in view of the majority of his colleagues having already decided on the adoption of the course.

Mr. Morojee then addressed the Court, and after him Mr. Hemmipg.

The accused put in a written statement of his defence through his pleader. Mr. Hemming objected to its going in, but the Magistrate overruled the objection.

The Magistrate announced his intention of pronouncing his decision this afternoon (Friday).

THE NEW INFANTRY DRILL.

A VERY instructive field day was lately witnessed at Aldershot. The 3rd Brigade of the Aldershot Division, consisting of the 1st Battalion Royal Lancaster Regiment, the 1st Battalion Royal Warwickshire Regiment, 1st Battalion Lincolnshire Regiment, 2nd Battalion South Staffordshire Regiment, under the command of Major-General J. North Crealock, C.B. assembled at the Swan Inn Plateau north of the Basingstoke Canal, for the purpose of proceeding to the attack of a prepared position marked out by canvas screens on Jubilee-hill, to the south of the canal, and defended by a skeleton force. General Crealock's brigade was supposed to be the centre of an attacking corps, and was relieved, therefore, of any care for the protection of its flanks. In camp it was understood that the exercise was for the purpose of affording to the Adjutant-general, who was present, an illustration of the attack formation carried out in conformity with the principles enumerated in the recently-issued provisional Infantry Drill-book.

The special correspondent of the *Daily Chronicle* offers some very candid criticisms regarding the attack. He complains, in the first place, that the line of retrenchments was nearer three-quarters of a mile than 800 yards, as laid down in orders, and then proceeds :—"However, the advance was ordered, and then we saw what will invariably happen in war unless the most stringent measures are taken to prevent it. The men crowded more and more together as the decisive moment came nearer and nearer. Shell would have done awful havoc among them. It would have been "murder most foul" to have led them so thickly against such a position. The "thin red line" of the 93rd at Balaclava, reversing the progress of the age, became a thick red line which would have been well suited to the eras of Bannockburn or Blenheim, of Fuentes d'Onor or Fontenoy. It mattered nothing that a battery was pounding them at about 1,000 to 800 yards, but a battalion well entrenched was pouring pencil-like bullets into them with magazine fire at 500 to 600 yards, and this partly enfilading the advance. The more the men went on the more the instinct of mutual support, when there are no bullets in the rifles, brought them shoulder to shoulder ; and when the drums and trumpets sounded and the charge was ordered, the line was about as close and often as thick as when a company is mustered on morning parade. It is many a day since such a thing was seen at Aldershot, and it can only be accounted for by the fact that though the defence had used but 800 yards of canvas to mark the line of the entrenchments, they had in one place doubled the entrenchments, "secundem artem," and in another avoided re-entering angles, leaving long gaps, so that the total length was about 1,100 yards! Hence the defence overlapped the attack, and as a consequence the men crowded in the middle, meaning to rush the centre of the field work.

The *Times'* correspondent, on the other hand, writes :—Having driven in the enemy's advanced troops, and having crossed the canal, the brigade formed under cover for the attack at about a mile from the enemy's position. General Crealock determined to put his strength on the left flank of the brigade. The leading left battalion was formed on a front of half a battalion, and was supported in rear by a second battalion, the third and fourth being on the right of the first. In this formation the brigade traversed the perfectly open ground between them and the enemy, and eventually charged up to the position. As an instance of the way in which a particular general officer would make a frontal attack over 800 yards of open ground in the face of an intrenched enemy provided with modern firearms the manœuvre was interesting. Whether it was a good method of carrying out the task no one, in the existing state of profound ignorance as to the actual effect of modern weapons, can say. But, notwithstanding this, there seems to be no reason why, whilst affording the general officers apportunities of giving practical expression to their own tactical views on the attack, these exhibitions should not be utilised in preparing the regimental officers and men for some of the undeniable realities common to all forms of attack. A few rank-and-file, and never an officer, dropping out here and there and kneeling on the ground are a feeble representation of "casualties." There are those, however, who maintain that if the private soldiers were allowed to believe that advancing under fire is a process involving loss of life their discipline would suffer, and therefore that in peace time they should not be made acquainted with the unpleasant side of the picture. This makes peace training a mere sham ; it encourages the rank-and-file in the belief that the only quality necessary for the soldier is a determination to go ahead. Hence, when the reality of the battlefield bursts unexpectedly on him, and he finds himself alone among disabled comrades, with strange leaders and in a totally new set of surroundings, his nerves too often fail. A very high military authority very recently expressed a strong dislike to seeing the men lying about on the ground and representing the losses. Probably, therefore, Aldershot hardly would dare on its own initiative to give a realistic representation of the condition of a formation for the attack when it has arrived within 600 or 700 yards of the enemy's position.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

BOMBAY VS. COLABA GARRISON.

THERE will be a game on the Cooperage to-day. The kick-off will be at 5-15 p.m., sharp :—

BOMBAY.		COLABA GARRISON.
C St Paul	Back	Private Greenwood
W Ruck-Keene, W C Symes, P F Fisher	¾	Private Rubery, Lieut Walpole, R E, Apothy Gresby
W Sutherland, P G Clark	¼	Gunner Langhton, Private Noble
R R Owen, G I L Home, E G Farquharson, N J Stabb, F G Wallis-Whiddett, T M Burne, C H Brierley, J E P White	Forwards	Lieut Murray, R E, Lieut Woods, R A, Lieut Capper, R A, Lt De Welton, K O Y L I, Bombr Bulman, Gunner Walker, Sergt Rawton, Sergt Furnell and another

BOMBAY SEASON REPORTS.

THE following season reports for the week ending 16th August were published in yesterday's *Government Gazette* :—

Karachi.—River at Kotri on 15th, 20 feet 1 inch against 19 feet 8½ inches on same date last year. Kharif operations in progress. Ploughing and sowing of wheel crops continue. Kharif crops submerged in places, and loss of cattle and damage to buildings through excessive water and rain in Johi, Dadu and Sehwan talukas. Crops which are safe are thriving.

Shikarpur.—Rain in 4 talukas ; maximum in Ghotki 1 inch 28 cents. River 16 feet 5 inches against 14 feet 9 inches on same date last year. Standing crops flourishing. Kharif operations progressing. Late crops in low-lying land submerged in Mehar Taluka. Cattle in good condition.

Hyderabad.—Rain in every taluka, average 2 inches 20 cents. Crops slightly damaged by excessive rain and water from breaches in canal banks. Agricultural prospects good. Grass available.

Upper Sind Frontier.—Rain in all talukas ; average 44 cents. Estimated area cultivated 171,000 acres. Canal supply good. Fodder sufficient. Breach in Kashmir bund one mile above Begari mouth on 12th, now 170 feet wide ; measures being taken to close it.

Thar and Parkar.—Rain throughout district, admitting of continued sowings of jowari and bajri in desert talukas. Some damage to private and public buildings.

Ahmedabad.—(For week ending 13th August).—Rain for week, maximum 8 inches 17 cents, minimum in Dhandhuka 76 cents ; for season maximum in Dholka 24 inches 99 cents, minimum in Gogha 13 inches 88 cents. Transplantation of rice completed. Standing crops in good condition. Agricultural stock in good condition. Fodder-supply sufficient. Prices stationary.

Panch Mahals.—Rain during the week maximum 3 inches 26 cents in Kalol, minimum 32 cents in Dohad ; for season maximum 24 inches 20 cents in Halol, minimum 15 inches 7 cents in Jhalod. Crops in good condition. Cattle healthy.

Kaira.—(For week ending 13th August).—Rain for week maximum in matar 7 inches 92 cents, minimum in Tharsa 54 cents, average for the district 3 inches 83 cents ; for season maximum in Matar 33 inches 48 cents, minimum in Tharsa 19 inches 22 cents, average for the district 25 inches 97 cents. Sowing of jowari and transplantation of rice progressing. Standing crop good. Agricultural stock in good condition. Fodder-supply sufficient.

Broach.—Rain for week maximum 1 inch 52 cents at Jambusar, minimum 19 cents at A'mod ; for season maximum 22 inches 12 cents at A'mod, minimum 17 inches 79 cents at Vagra. Total rainfall sufficient throughout the district for agricultural purposes, but not for water-supply in tanks. Sowing of kharif crops over in Jambusar and Ankleswar talukas and in progress in other talukas. Standing crops doing well. Fodder-supply good and agricultural stock healthy.

Surat.—Rain throughout the district ; maximum 4 inches 49 cents in Pardi, minimum 1 inch 13 cents in Bulsar ; total maximum 53 inches 50 cents in Pardi, minimum 30 inches 90 cents in Olpad. Kharif sowing nearly completed. Fodder sufficient and agricultural stock good.

Khandesh.—Rain for week at Dhulia 3 inches 82 cents, average in the district 2 inches 26 cents : for season at Dhulia 13 inches 31 cents, average in the district 15 inches 26 cents. Rain throughout the district. Crops healthy. Weeding and preparation for late crops progressing. Condition of fodder-supply and agricultural stock good. Prices of food-grains continue high.

Nasik.—Rain for week at Nasik 0·88, Igatpuri 7·86, Dindori 2·50, Niphad 1·02, Chandor 2·31, Yeola 1·14, Malegaon 3·59, Nandgaon 1·73, Kalvan 1·69, Peint 5·19, Baglan 0·63 and Sinnar 0·24 inches ; for season at Nasik 16 inches 37 cents. Total rainfall insufficient in Yeola, Baglan and east of Nasik and Kalvan talukas. Sowing of bajri still continues in Sinnar, Malegaon, Nandgaon, Baglan and Kalvan. Transplantation of rice still going on in Igatpuri and Peint. Weeding of kharif crops in progress elsewhere. Condition of fodder-supply and agricultural stock good in Chandor and fair in 11 other talukas.

Colaba (Bombay).—Rain every day ; heavy on 13th ; total of week 6·59 inches ; total to date 48·66, being 4·09 below average. Abnormal temperature 1° cool on 10th, 11th, 13th and 14th, nil on 12th and 15th and 2° cool on 16th. Vapour in air normal. Abnormal wind notherly on 10th and easterly from 14th to 16th ; wind normal from 11th to 13th. Thunder on 10th ; thunder and lightning on 13th.

Thana.—Rain for week at Thana 13 inches 83 cents ; in talukas maximum in Bhewndi 19 inches 71 cents, minimum in Shahapur 5 inches 55 cents ; for season at Thana 78 inches 46 cents. Transplanting of kharif crops nearly finished. State of young plants good. Condition of fodder-supply and agricultural stock good.

Kolaba.—Rain maximum 18 inches 47 cents at Mangaon, minimum 10 inches 7 cents at Alibag. Transplantation work almost completed. Young seedlings doing well. Weeding in progress. Agricultural stock good.

Ratnagiri.—Rain everywhere ; maximum 15 inches 8 cents in Khed, minimum 9 inches 64 cents in Sangameshvar. Weeding operations in progress. Agriculture stock good.

Poona.—Rain throughout the district, in Junnar 3·31, Indapur 2·54, Khed 0·65, Ambegaon 0·54, Sirur 0·08, Purandhar 1·17, Bhimthadi 1·17, Dhond 0·18, Haveli 0·23, Mulshi 1·28 and Maval 0·58 inches ; for season maximum 37 inches 91 cents in Mulshi, minimum 10 inches 29 cents in Indapur. Sowing of kharif crops completed. Young plants doing well. Land being prepared for rabi crops in Junnar and Sirur Talukas. Scarcity of fodder-supply in Taluka Khed. Agricultural stock good. Prices steady.

Ahmednagar.—Rain during the week throughout the district ; maximum 2 inches 85 cents in Jamkhed, minimum 29 cents in Sangamner ; for season maximum 23 inches 82 cents in Nagar, minimum 7 inches 6 cents in Kopargaon. Standing kharif crops doing well. Weeding continues. Land being prepared for next season. Condition of fodder-supply and agriculture stock good. Prices of food-grains generally steady.

Sholapur.—(For week ending 13th August).—Rain for week at Sholapur 0·68, Barsi 11·16, Madha 7·44, Karmala 2·60, Pandharpur 1·79, Sangola 5·04 and Malsiras 0·07 inches ; for season : maximum 25 inches 14 cents at Barsi, minimum 11 inches 21 cents at Sholapur. Rain sufficient for the present. Kharif standing crops, bajri, moong, tur, cotton, &c., in good condition. Lands being prepared for the next season. Fodder-supply and green grass sufficient.

Satara.—Rain at Satara 79 cents ; total 20 inches 36 cents ; in talukas during week, maximum 3 inches 5 cents in Patan, minimum 19 cents in Khatav. More rain wanted in Khanapur, Khatav and Tasgaon. Crops suffering from blight in Karad and Tasgaon. Fodder dear in Karad and Khatav. Condition of cattle middling.

Bijapur.—Rain throughout the district ; maximum 1 inch 92 cents at Bijapur, minimum 3 cents at Hungund. Early crops reviving. Soil being prepared for late crops. Water and fodder-supply good.

Belgaum.—Rain at Belgaum 48 cents, total 36 inches 1 cent ; slight rain during week throughout district. More wanted in Athni, Gokak and parasgad talukas. Standing crops in good condition. Weeding operations continue. Prices gradually falling. Green grass now available.

Dharwar.—Rain at all stations except Ranebennur varying from maximum 5 inches 40 cents in Navalgund to minimum 22 cents Bankapur ; total rainfall of season maximum in Hangal 25 inches 2 cents ; minimum in Ron 8 inches 75 cents. Standing crops generally good. Land being prepared for late sowings. Crops improving in Navalgund, Gadag and Ron, but more rain wanted for three talukas. Scarcity of fodder in Navalgund, Gadag and Ron.

Kanara.—Good rain below and moderate above Ghats. Early crops on coast in ear. Weeding continues. Agricultural stock good.

Rajkot.—Rain 1 inch 25 cents ; total 16 inches 21 cents. Standing crops thriving.

Wadhwan.—Rain 9 inches 44 cents. Sowing of cotton in progress in some talukas where rain was late. Standing crops healthy.

Baroda.—Rain during week 31 cents ; total 16 inches 34 cents. Agricultural stock and Standing Crops in fair condition.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

WEDNESDAY NIGHT, AUGUST 17.

10 p.m.	77·7

THURSDAY, AUGUST 18.

6 a.m.	75·5
10 a.m.	80·5
2 p.m

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THE BOMBAY GAZETTE

OVERLAND SUMMARY.

Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

THURSDAY EVENING, AUG. 18.

HEAVY and almost continuous rain has fallen at the Presidency during the past week, and reports of the progress of the S.-W. Monsoon in the districts being generally of a satisfactory tenor, prospects for the coming season might be considered as favourable, and more activity in business might be looked for ere long were it not that the question of Exchange still militates against fresh operations, and at present is materially restricting forward transactions in Imports. Again, broken by native holidays, the week has been a very quiet one, the good demand for Seeds, which existed when last mail left, having soon subsided; while Wheat has been in only moderate request for export; and Cotton has been neglected by shippers, and not much wanted by local spinners. Exchange, after improving from the lowest point lately touched, become weak again to-day, and closed at a decline of ⅛d. in demand Bank Bills and 5-32d. in three months' sight Credits from last Thursday evening's quotations. Government Paper has fluctuated considerably, and Four per Cents. are 11-16 per cent. lower this evening than they were a week ago. Freights are dull, with little enquiry for tonnage in any position.

MONEY.—The position of Money, in its superabundance, and in the small erquiry existing for it for the ordinary purposes of trade, showed no material change in the week covered by the Statement of Affairs of the Presidency Bank, issued on Tuesday morning for Monday, which was again a holiday. The only item of the figures given in the Return going to indicate any sensible movement in the trade demand, was that of Loans, which had diminished by 7½ lakhs during the week; the decrease in Bills Discounted having been but trifling; while there had been withdrawals to the extent of some 3 lakhs from Private Deposits; the net falling off in trade requirements having been about 4½ lakhs, compared with a diminution of double that amount in the week preceding. The Bank's Cash Balance, however, had increased by 19¾ lakhs to 274¼ lakhs, due mainly to a considerable accession of Public Deposits at the Bank's Branches (counterbalanced to some extent by withdrawals at the Head Office) and to the realization of Government Securities. No further change has been made in the Bank of Bombay rates this week, and 3 per cent., therefore, remains the minimum.

EXCHANGE.—In sympathy with news of a further drop in Silver, this market opened weaker again on Friday morning, at 1s. 2 17-32d. for Bank Telegraphic, 1s. 2 9-16d. for Demand, and 1s. 2⅜d. for three months' sight Credits. Owing to the enquiry for Bank Remittance, and Credits having run scarce, as well as Calcutta quotations having come weak, rates here again fell further 1-16d. A moderate amount of business in Bank Remittance, ready and forward, was reported; but next to nothing in Private Paper. Following the further downward movement in Silver, the market opened lower the next day, 1s. 2⅜d. having been quoted for Demand Bank Bills, and with one buyer of three months' sight Credits at 1s. 2 9-16d., at which latter rate business was done; but for Bank remittance, on the receipt of slightly higher quotations from Calcutta, rates here rallied, 1s. 2 13-32d., and 7-16d.; demand having been done for August-September, later on at 1s. 2 7-16d., and 1s. 2 15-32d. for 15th September and 15th October. At the close this rate was quoted for all September delivery. On Tuesday, the market reopened after the holiday of the day before with a firmer feeling, at 1s. 2 9-16d. for Bank Telegraphic, and 1s. 2 19-32d. for Demand; and with one buyer of three months' sight Credits at 1s. 2 11-16d., who, however, very soon got filled up at this rate, and raised it by degrees to 1s. 2 13-16d. Bank remittance, also in the absence of buyers, rose gradually 1-16d. On the receipt of better news regarding Silver, the market opened firm on Wednesday at 1s. 2 27-32d. for three months' sight Credits, 1s. 2⅜d. for Bank Telegraphic, and 1s. 2 21-32d. for Demand, and the latter touched 1s. 2 21-32d. and 1s. 2 11-16d.; and re-sales of Bank Paper took place at 1s. 2⅜d. No Merchants' Bills, however, came out, and the market closed quiet pending news of the result of Council Biddings. To-day the market opened weak at 1s. 2 17-32d. for Bank Telegraphic, and 1s. 2 9-16d. for demand, one seller, and at 1s. 2⅜d. for three months' sight Credits; but the Bazaar coming out to buy rates dropped gradually to 1s. 2 15-32 to ⅜d. for Demand, and 1s. 2 21-32d. for Credits, and the market closed weak at the following quotations:—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 2	1/4d.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 2	15-32d.
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 2	9-16d.
Do. 4 months' sight	1s. 2	19-32d.
Do. 6 months' sight	1s. 2	21-32d.
Credits 3 months' sight	1s. 2	21-32d.
Do. 6 months' sight	1s. 2	3/4d.
Documents 3 months' sight	1s. 2	11-16d.
Do. 6 months' sight	1s. 2	25-32d.
Francs 3 months' sight	1·54	
Do. 6 months' sight	1·55	

The weekly official return relating to Silver at the Mint gives the following figures:—

Statement of Silver Balance in the Bombay Mint on the evening of 10th August, 1892	Rs.	1,97,11,000
Add—Silver received during the week	,,	21,20,000
	Rs.	2,18,31,000
Deduct—New Coin paid during the week	,,	20,01,000
	Rs.	1,98,30,000
Bullion belonging to private individuals	,,	43,19,000
Last week	Rs.	2,41,49,000
	,,	2,33,31,000

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—On Friday there was another heavy drop in these securities, Four per Cents having declined to 104½ for Money, and 104¼ for Account; and the closing cash price was 1-16 per Cent. lower in a weak market. Four-and-a-half per Cents were quoted at 103, nominal. The market was very irregular on the following day, and prices for Four per Cents fluctuated; eventually they settled down to 104⅜ for cash, and 104¼ for the next settlement, but at the close were quoted 1-16 per cent. higher, with Four-a-half per Cents, at 103 11-16, nominal. There was a strong market on re-opening on Tuesday, and rates for Four per Cents. advanced some ¾ per cent. from the closing price on Saturday. 105 had been established as the rate for Money, and 104½ for Account, by the afternoon; but a further advance of 3-16 per cent. took place before the close, the cash rate having left off at 105 3-16 with 4½ per Cents. quoted at 104½. On Wednesday there was a weaker feeling in the market; but rates for Fours were about maintained at the final level of the day before until towards the close, when a decline of ¼ per cent. was established, closing quotations having been 104⅝ for cash, and 104¾ for the settlement at the end of this month; 104 was named for 4½ per Cents. To-day there has been a strong downward movement, and rates for Fours have declined to 104⅜ for cash, 104 5-16 for the coming settlement, and 104, nominal, for the September Account, which are the closing quotations this evening; 4½ per Cents. being quoted at 103½.

Municipal 5 per cent. Loan is unchanged at 116. Port Trust Bonds are ½ per cent. lower, at 104½.

SHARES.—This has been another holiday week; and this market has been neglected to a great extent, the attention of operators having, as for some time past, been more directed to the much livelier market for Government Paper. The few changes which we have to note in this evening's quotations compared with those of last Thursday are an advance of Rs. 50 per share in Madras United Cotton Mill shares; of Rs. 15 each in Howard and Bullough, and Luckmidas; of Rs. 10 each in Connaught, and Framji Petit; and of Rs. 5 in Maneckji Petit. Indian Manufacturing, on the other hand, have declined Rs. 15; and Swadeshi, Oriental, and Jivraz Balloo Rs. 5 each. In Presses New Berar have declined Rs. 17½; Mercantile, Rs. 5; and Bombay Cotton and New Berar Rs. 2½ each. In Miscellaneous, Bombay-Burma Trading are Rs. 50 lower for the first issue, and Rs. 20 for the others. Bombay Flour are Rs. 15 down; Treacher and Co. have declined Rs. 20; and Napier Hotel Rs. 5. Bank of Bombay shares are Rs. 25 lower.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—Holidays have of late a good deal interfered with the usual course of business; and the downward movement in Exchange has similarly affected the Bazaar. Dealers in staple *Grey Goods* are all very willing to sell, and they have in some cases obtained a small advantage in prices this week, but rates generally may be called pretty much the same as they were a week ago, and Stocks remain in about the previous state. The up-country demand for *Bleached, Dyed, Turkey-Red,* and *Printed Goods* keeps very languid, the generally good weather reports notwithstanding; but in some cases a small advance in value has taken place. *Local Goods* are very dull, and stocks go on increasing. The clearances of *Imported Goods* from the Bazaar during the week are estimated at 2,000 packages; those of *Local Goods* at 700 bales.

YARNS.—The market for *Imported Twist* has been steady, with a moderate business passing; but prices are quite unchanged. Sales of *Local Spinnings* in China for the fortnight ending last Monday are advised as no less than 20,000 bales, with Exchange at Hong Kong, at Rs. 225½; and were it not for the rise in Exchange, and the large extent of the China business a downward movement here must have been the consequence, looking to the movement of rates at Hong Kong. The Sales for the week have been 4,000 bales, and the market closes steady at the following official quotations:—

Twist...	... No.	6s Mule, As.	4¼	to	4¼	per lb.
,, ...	... ,,	8s ,, ,,	4⅜	,,	4⅜	,,
,, ...	... ,,	10s ,, ,,	4⅜	,,	5¼	,,
,, ...	... ,,	12s ,, ,,	5¼	,,	5⅜	,,
,, ...	... ,,	16s ,, ,,	5¼	,,	6⅜	,,
,, ...	... ,,	20s ,, ,,	5⅜	,,	6¼	,,
,, ...	... ,,	24s ,, ,,	6¼	,,	6¼	,,
,, ...	... ,,	30s ,, ,,	6⅜	,,	7	,,
,, ...	... ,,	40s ,, ,,	8	,,	8¼	,,

METALS.—An advance of 2 annas per cwt. has taken place in the price of *Copper*; but only a small business has transpired. *Yellow Metal* has been taken to a moderate extent during the week, and prices have moved up 4 annas per cwt., the market being steady at the advance. Iron has been in but moderate request, but is unchanged in value, and steady in tone.

COAL.—Sales have been reported during the week of Longrigg, for August-September shipment, at 15s. per ton. There are sellers of Powell's Duffryn, and Davison's West Hartley, forward, at Rs. 17½ and Rs. 17 per ton, respectively.

EXPORTS.

COTTON.—Only a small business has been passing in this staple on days when the market has not been closed for native holidays; but the feeling has been generally steady throughout, and what has been done has been upon the basis of previous rates, the decline in Liverpool and New York notwithstanding. Purchases for export during the week have been confined to about 1,000 bales of Bengals and Oomra descriptions; while the Mills have taken some 3,000 bales of the same growths. The Market closed quiet this evening, with prices Re. 1 per candy lower than they were a week ago.

Telegraphic advices from the Bengal Cotton districts to hand on Monday were generally to the effect that a spell of fine weather was needed for weeding purposes; but that meantime the plants were flourishing. From the Oomra circle, also, where generally speaking, sufficient rain had fallen, accounts were atisfactory, a fall of 2¼ inches at Dhulia since the middle of last week having caused the plants in that district (where they had been suffering from insufficient rain) to show more improvements. The weather at Broach continued seasonable, and the Cotton crop was flourishing; as it was also throughout the Dhollera circle, excepting the district of Dhollera proper, where sowing had not commenced owing to too much rain. To-day's telegrams generally confirm the news wired at the beginning of the week; and add that Cotton sowing had begun at Bellary.

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton with the equivalents in Sterling, Cost, and Freight to Liverpool, *via* Canal, without commission, *viz.*:—

Cotton—	Per candy.	Per lb. C. & F.
Bengal Fine	Rs.	173—3 7-32d.
Do. Fully Good	,,	161—3 1-16d.
Do. Good	,,	154—2 7-8d.
Khandeish, Fully Good	,,	178—3 5-16d.
Do. Good	,,	174—3 7-32d.
Dhollera, Fine	,,	189—3¼d.
Do. Fully Good	,,	182—3¼d.
Do. Good	,,	174—3 7-32d.
Beiatee, Fine	,,	180—3 11-32d.
Do. Fully Good	,,	174—3 7-32d.
Oomra, Fully Good	,,	192—3 3-4d.
Do. Good	,,	177—3 9-32d.
S. G. Dharwar, Good	,,	181—3 13-32d.
Westerns, Good	,,	176—3 9-32d.

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the previous two years:—

Receipts.	1892. Bales.	1891. Bales.	1890. Bales.
For the week	2,778	14,960	5,271
From 1st Jan. to 17th August	1,595,796	1,778,969	1,386,561
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the week	1,035	1,474	1,582
From 1st Jan. to 17th August	840,581	969,389	1,356,512
Clearances to Calcutta, China, &c.			
For the week	1,544	1,581	258
From 1st Jan. to 17th August	134,919	105,544	55,841

WHEAT.—There has not been much enquiry from shippers during the past week, in which native holidays have again interfered with business, and transactions have been upon only a moderate scale; but the tone of the market has been steady, when not actually firm. The price of *Delhi* advanced one anna per cwt. towards the close of last week, while *Hard Wheat* declined to the same extent on the following day; and the latter gave way another anna per cwt. yesterday, while *Delhi* advanced further one anna, making quotations stand as follows:—

White Pessy, 91 per cent.	Rs.	5	4	0 per cwt.
Do. 85 ,,	,,	5	3	0 ,,
No. 1 Club Delhi	,,	5	2	0 ,,
Red Delhi	,,	4	12	0 ,,
Hard Yellow	,,	5	6	6 ,,
Red Ahmedabad	,,	4	15	0 ,,
Hard Red	,,	4	15	0 ,,

SEEDS.—A considerable business was done in this market at the end of last week, and prices of *Linseed* and *Rapeseed* advanced one to two annas per cwt. but at the beginning of the present week demand from shippers fell off, and the market became quiet, with only a moderate business passing, while Linseed gave way in value daily. We quote this evening:—

Linseed	Rs.7-10-0 to Rs. 7-12-6 per cwt.
Rapeseed Yellow Guzerat	,, 7-4-0 ,,
,, ,, Cawnpore	,, 6-14-0 to Rs. 7-0-0 ,,
,, Red ,,	,, 6-4-0 to Rs. 6-6-0 ,,

The Comparative Imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows:—

	1892. cwts.	1891. cwts.	1890. cwts.
Wheat for the week	133,794	112,965	70,967
do. from 1st Jan. to 17th August	8,344,388	10,860,729	4,609,749
Linseed for the week	28,172	29,310	11,504
do. from 1st Jan. to 17th August	3,390,945	4,198,229	1,985,014
Rapeseed for the week	9,365	13,983	373
do. from 1st Jan. to 17th August	1,279,545	1,217,249	880,347
Gingellyseed for the week	586	3,249	283
do. from 1st Jan. to 17th August	853,219	966,906	682,224

The Clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows:—

	1892. cwts.	1891. cwts.	1890. cwts.
Wheat for the Week	107,680	185,878	1,000
do. from 1st Jan. to 17th August	7,828,018	9,897,790	3,594,014
Linseed for the week	91,067	55,937	2,346
do. from 1st Jan. to 17th August	3,251,901	3,909,032	1,653,418
Rapeseed for the week	85,823	16,446	...
do. from 1st Jan. to 17th August	1,009,117	1,138,176	633,058
Gingellyseed for the week	2,998	1,983	...
do. from 1st Jan. to 17th August	940,604	1,023,978	835,461

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

AUGUST 18.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor perfect.

AFRICA.—Via Aden, perfect. Via Cadiz-Teneriffe, perfect. Via Lisbon-St. Vincent, perfect.

At present telegrams in code language cannot be accepted for Blagowestchensk and Possiet.

Telegrams for Salvador except Libertad can be accepted only at sender's risk.

Secret language in telegrams for Kotonou is temporarily prohibited.

Line Saigon-Bangkok interrupted beyond Battambang.

Mauritius mail closes at Durban at 7 a.m. on the 20th inst.

Moulmein route to Siam right.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

HAWKINS—August 18, at Parel, Bombay, C. R. Hawkins, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, G. I. P. Railway, aged 49 years and 7 months.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

NICOLAS—August 14, at 4, Lyon's Range, Calcutta, the wife of J. D. Nicolas, of a son.

PHILLIPS—August 7, at Fatehgarh, the wife of Conductor V. J. Phillips, Ordnance Department, of a daughter.

SINGLETON—August 1, at Rawalpindi, Punjab, the wife of W. Singleton, M. W. D. P. W, of a daughter.

DEATHS.

MORRISON—August 15, at Bangalore, John Francis, the dearly beloved son of John and Elizabeth Morrison.

PAIN—August 9, at Golikora, of fever, Samuel Charles Frederic, the dearly beloved son of Samuel and Sarah Pain, aged 7 years.

ROBERT—August 15, at his residence, 129, Dhurrumtollah, Sinclair Robert, Surgeon, Emigration Service, aged 75 years, 11 months, and 4 days.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

MESSRS. H. KENNARD, W. B. Green, shareholders, and Mr. George Robert Neill, liquidator, of Southwell Austin and Co., Limited, send us a joint letter, and appeal to our sense of fair-play to insert it as an answer to our comments on the case which was so long before the Presidency Magistrate's Court. The letter is a re-statement of the grounds upon which the liquidator brought the case into the Police Court. The grounds in question, such as they were, were stated in detail by Mr. Neill in opening the proceedings. They were set forth again in Mr. Cooper's judgment at the close of the case. On each occasion we reported them verbatim. No useful purpose would be served by republishing them now for a third time, seeing that upon inquiry it was found that they did not even justify the framing of a charge for the accused to answer.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, AUGUST 19, 1892.

IN his Cabinet, so far, Mr. Gladstone has chosen tried men to such an extent that his supporters have asked for new blood. The subordinate members of the administration, as distinct from the Cabinet, is to have more than enough of this vital fluid judging from the list of Under-Secretaries now announced. Mr. Hibbert, Mr. Marjoribanks, and Sir E. J. Reed, of the nine now appointed, have had previous under-secretarial experience. The others are new, and have very much to learn though the parliamentary service of some of them has extended over a period of years. Mr. J. T. Hibbert, Mr. Maclean's former colleague at Oldham, was entitled to a place in the Ministry, if only as an acknowledgment of the services he rendered, or would have rendered, as Secretary to the Admiralty, if Mr. Gladstone's term of office on the last occasion had only lasted a little longer. He returns to the post in which he formerly hoped to shine. He had, however, already filled offices in the Local Government Board, the Home Department, and the Treasury during his thirty years of parliamentary life. A man who has earned a reputation for unobtrusive efficiency is precisely in his right place in the Admiralty. Mr. Marjoribanks—a Liberal connection of Lord Randolph Churchill—is to take charge of the Patronage Section in the Treasury; he made a name for himself as Whip, and as a regular attendant to his duties. Mr. P. E. Ellis, the member for Merionethshire, who is to be a Junior Lord of the Treasury, is a very young man, who has been in Parliament since 1886, and was formerly private secretary to Mr. Brunner, M. P., for Northwich. He is considered one of most interesting of the younger members. Mr. R. K. Causton first sat in Parliament in 1880, and his name is familiar to most people as a member of a large firm of wholesale stationers. Sir Edward Grey, who is to represent Lord Rosebery in the Commons, had official training as private secretary to Mr. Childers. He comes of an old Liberal stock, and is grandson of Sir George Grey who was Home Secretary on four occasions in Russell's and Palmerston's time. Mr. Sydney Buxton, the didactic member for Poplar, who is "best known to fame," Mr. Stead said, "as a purveyor of political pemmican," is to be Under-Secretary of State for India. He has been described as a pleasant young man of thirty-nine, whose attempt to play the role of political omniscience was not universally popular. He is the author of those condensed political text-books which are commended as being as useful to those who have no time to think as is Liebig's Extract to those who have no time to eat. He will possibly be able to submit the Indian Budget estimates in such a condensed form that he will get a hearing before hon. members have time to realise that India is under discussion. Of Mr. Summers, the new Under-Secretary for the Colonies, it is not easy to say anything complimentary or otherwise, except that he is a graduate of three universities, and that he first attracted notice in Parliament by a speech on the second reading of the Irish Land Bill. Mr. Burt, the Under-Secretary for the Home Department, is the labour representative of Morpeth. He is a coal-miner, and his selection is an appropriate one, now that labour candidates are to be brought to the front. The late Mr. Broadhurst, a stonemason, who represented West Nottingham, was appointed to this position under Mr. Gladstone's last Ministry, and it was said that from the windows of his office he looked upon some buildings which, as a workman, he helped to erect. Mr. Broadhurst was respected by members of both parties, and his successor, though retaining something of the brusqueness of the Tynesider, is an unassuming, highly intelligent man, of a far different stamp from that of Mr. Keir Hardie. Last on the list is Sir E. J. Reed, M.P. for Cardiff, who has been appointed Secretary to the Admiralty, and is one of the three who have before been entrusted with office. He was formerly a junior Lord of the Treasury. He is sixty-four years of age, but his appointment is, perhaps, the most appropriate and the most popular of the entire list. He has been connected with Admiralty work from his youth up. A naval constructor of the first rank he has received Austrian, Russian, and Turkish as well as English decorations, and is known to have very strong views on British ship-building policy. With the appointment of Mr. Shaw-Lefevre as Minister of Public Works the Cabinet is believed to have been completed. In Mr. Gladstone's second Ministry Mr. Shaw-Lefevre was Post-Master General.

IN December last, the women employed in the Ahmedabad cotton mills presented a characteristic petition to the Government of Bombay, praying that an exemption might be made in their favour in regard to that clause in the newly-passed Factories Act, restricting their working day to eleven hours. The Act came into force on the first of the following January, but the reply to their representation has only now been issued. It was urged by the women that employed as they were in drawing, slubbing, on intermediate roving frames and winding frames, and as the machines they minded were worked by the same steam-power which move those in charge of men, any curtailment of women's hours would lead to their supersession by boys and men under whose attention the machines enumerated could be worked as many hours as those already in charge of the men. Here there were special circumstances to consider. Deprived of their old-time occupation of paper working and handworked cloth making, by foreign competition, most of the women had been trained as machine-minders in the mills and many, if not most of them, being Mahomedans and precluded by caste-customs from engaging in out-door work, it was shown that the clause of the new Act would operate more directly to their disadvantage than in districts inhabited by Hindus who could discharge out-door duties, and, for whom there was a variety of occupations from which to choose. But the Ahmedabad women's petition was not a merely sentimental one, though it besought Government to believe they were quite happy as they were. It was supported by the report of the Factory Commission wherein the Commissioners, in recommending the passing of the Act, admitted that it would press hardly upon the women of Ahmedabad. In Bombay and other centres about eighty per cent. of the female operatives are employed on hand-reeling work, which is in no way connected with steam machinery; in Ahmedabad, however, the case is different. "If the hours of labour are limited to eleven for women working with moving machinery," wrote the Commissioners with special reference to Ahmedabad, "we are convinced that without any exception these operatives will be replaced by male adult operatives or half-time children. The law supposed to be for their benefit will inflict serious permanent injury on these skilled mill-hands, and deprive them of the chance of earning a living in these factories." Surely, no stronger case for exceptional treatment could have been made out. But their peculiar circumstances were apparently overlooked when the Supreme Council considered the Bill and the saving clause which had been expected found no place in its provisions. Not until November, however, did those most intimately concerned discover the danger which threatened them, and it was only a few days before the date fixed for the Act to take effect that the memorial of the Ahmedabad women reached the local Government. Lord Harris was on tour in Sind at the time, but the Government of India was communicated with in the hope that some provisional exemption might be granted in their favour.

Government cannot be taxed with having come to a hurried conclusion in the matter. The long list of correspondence recapitulated, and the enquiries particularised in the preamble to the resolution, which we published yesterday, implies that every precaution was taken to avoid arriving at a wrong conclusion. The Collector of Ahmedabad was asked for an opinion and the result of his visit to the mills was a suggestion that provisional exemption be asked for the women in all departments except those in the reeling department, where work was incessant and fatiguing. The Commissioner, Northern Division, endorsed the Collector's views, and the Government of India was again communicated with and asked to exempt the women from the operations of the hours' clause. The Factory Act contains a clause giving the Government of India power to make certain exceptions, but this was not held to be applicable to the present case, it being thought that it would be impossible to exempt the women without exempting certain processes. The City Magistrate of Ahmedabad thereupon went to the trouble of ascertaining the processes which might most readily be exempted, and a further recommendation based on the Magistrate's suggestion was made. The Government of India rejected it. All these recommendations unfortunately embodied merely the ideas of laymen and the desire of the Government of India that a specialist might be despatched to Ahmedabad to determine what arrangements could be made in the interests of the female operatives, led to the selection of Mr. H. Monie, Master in Technological Cotton Manufacture at the Technical Institute. Mr. Monie made a most careful investigation. His report tended to support the statements of the women themselves and of the Factory Commission as to the exceptional character of the Ahmedabad women's work. But it also went further and declared that the curtailment of their hours would compel the mills in which women were employed either to adopt the eleven hours restriction throughout their mills; to employ women as half-timers—a very unfair thing for the women—to dispense with their services altogether, or, finally, to turn them to some other class of work. The fourth alternative, it was hoped, would be adopted; but the third commended itself to the employers and Mr. Monie found that four hundred and fifty women had been thrown out of work. If, he said, provisional exemption could be secured for twelve months the evil might be remedied. At the end of that time a re-arrangement could be made, and two if not three hundred would find their way back to the mills.

On various occasions, while the Bill was progressing through the Council, it was asserted for the reassurance of those members who were opposed to it, that there was no intention on the part of the Government of India that the measure should press heavily upon the mill-hands: indeed, it was for their benefit that the amendment of the Act was contemplated. Considering that Mr. Monie's report was asked for by the Government for its own guidance, it might have been expected that his suggestion would be acted upon. But four months had already elapsed since the Act came into force. Mr. Wright, the Chief Inspector of Factories, had in the meantime visited Ahmedabad, and in a report he expressed his astonishment that the mill-owners and managers there had been unanable to act as they had done elsewhere, and redistribute the work. Had they done this, loss to the proprietors and hardship to the women would have been avoided. This, of course, put an entirely new complexion on the face of affairs. The Collector of Land Revenues, Customs and Opium, Bombay, concurred with the Factory Inspector, adding that with fair foresight the amount of hardship caused by the introduction of the new provisions in the Ahmedabad mills would neither have been excessive nor unusual. Their exemption would be unfair to other millowners and employés, and their case was not sufficiently strong to justify an exemption. The Collector of Ahmedabad and the Commissioner, N.D., expressed their concurrence in Mr. Campbell's remarks. Their views might appear to have undergone considerable change since they were first asked to give an opinion. What they say, however, is that it would be useless *now*, and would not remedy the hardship already done. The word "now" applies, however, to the middle of June—not to the time at which they advocated exemption. Half the period for which they pleaded had elapsed, and to have sent the women back then would possibly have meant a disarrangement of the plans by which the managers hope to re-employ them. The Governor-in-Council, therefore, has come to the conclusion that he has no longer a case to lay before the Government of India. He seeks, however, to throw the blame on the mill-managers, regretting that the poor women should have had to suffer owing to the procrastination of their employers. Considering, however, that the Government of India could have stepped in to save these women from being cast adrift by their employers, it is to be regretted that they did not do so. Sympathy does not do much good to people lacking the means of subsistence. The straits some of them have been driven to, and the methods they have adopted to earn a living are no improvement on life in a mill. It is useless to tell them that if they wait a year or so, they will find employment in other mills which are yet in the building. While the grass is growing, the steed starves. What the Government was asked to do, and all it was asked to do, was, in accordance with the power taken in the Factory Act, to give the women employed in the Ahmedabad Mill a year's grace so that they might not be thrown in the streets.

A FURTHER distribution of minor honours is telegraphed from Home. It is customary with a change of Ministry to reward old diplomatic and consular as well as parliamentary servants, and those we hear of to-day may be included in this category. Sir John Pender, who is already a K.C.M.G., attains a degree higher in the Order. Some years ago he was in Parliament, but is known chiefly through his connection with submarine telegraphy. Colonel Holled Smith, who is now K.C.M.G., is Governor-General of the Red Sea Littoral, and Mr. Christopher T. Gardner, who receives a Companionship of St. Michael and St. George, British Consul at Hankow. Sir Henry Loch, a former Bengal cavalryman, who is made a Knight Grand Cross of the Bath, is well-known as a colonial governor, who has served in almost every part of the world. He is already a Grand Cross of St. Michael and St. George, and Knight Commander of the Bath. Mr. Horace Walpole, assistant Under-Secretary in the India Office, who becomes a Knight Commander of the Bath, is already a Companion of that Order and fills the vacancy caused by Sir Henry Loch's elevation.

ACCORDING to our Simla correspondent, who wires a summary of the supplementary forecast issued by the Meteorological Department, it is very probable that there will be no prolonged general break in the rains in the month of August throughout India, and that the Deccan and Southern India will continue to receive favourable rain until the end of November or December.

WE learn that it has been decided to retain the 2nd Bombay Grenadiers at Quetta, until the present Bombay 26th Regiment, now at Neemuch, is reconstructed as a permanent frontier corps. This reconstruction is expected to commence on the 1st October. The new Corps will be a class one, and will be composed of the best fighting material obtainable.

A NOTIFICATION in yesterday's *Government Gazette* shows the amount of deposits in the Government Saving's Bank, Bombay, to be Rs. 75,60,589-14-4, the sum of which is lodged in the Bank of Bombay.

IT is officially notified that, during the absence of Mr. V. K. Kingcombe, Mr. G. Clark will act as agent of the Ahmedabad Branch of the Bank of Bombay.

CAP

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

APPOINTMENTS OF UNDER-SECRETARIES.

LONDON, Aug. 18.

Mr. J. T. Hibbert has been appointed Financial Secretary to the Treasury, and Mr. E. Majoribanks Patronage Secretary.

Mr. T. E. Ellis, member for Merioneth, and Mr. R. K. Causton, member for Southwark (W.), have been appointed Junior Lords of the Treasury.

Sir E. Grey, member for Berwick, has been appointed Under-Secretary, Foreign Department.

Mr. S. Buxton, member for the Tower Hamlets, Under-Secretary for India; Mr. W. Summers, member for Huddersfield, Under-Secretary, Colonies; Mr. T. Burt, member for Morpeth, Under-Secretary, Home Department; and Sir E. J. Reed, member for Cardiff, Secretary to the Admiralty.

FURTHER LIST OF HONOURS.

Sir John Pender has been created Knight Grand Cross of St. Michael and St. George.

Colonel Charles Holled Smith has been appointed Knight Commander, and Mr. Christopher T. Gardner, British Consul at Hankow, Companion of St. Michael and St. George.

Sir Henry Brougham Loch has been created Knight Grand Cross of the Bath, and Mr. Horace George Walpole, Knight Commander of the Bath.

MR. MATTHEWS STARTS ON A TOUR.

Mr. Matthews, late Secretary of State, Home Department, starts on Friday on a trip to Australia and India.

FURTHER APPOINTMENT.

LONDON, Aug. 18.

Mr. Shaw Lefevre has been appointed Commissioner of Works and Public Buildings, and this will probably complete the Cabinet.

OPINIONS ON THE CONTINENT.

There is a chorus of approval on the Continent at the appointment of Lord Rosebery to the portfolio of Foreign Affairs.

THE RE-ELECTION.

Mr. John Morley is the only one of the newly-appointed Ministers, whose re-election will be opposed.

THE CHOLERA RIOTS AT ASTRABAD.

RUSSIAN RETRIBUTION.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Aug. 18.

Details have reached here of the retributive operations of the Russians at Astrabad, which was reported a week ago. The Russians are stated to have landed troops from gunboats early this month at Bandarges on the Caspian, and to have pushed forward a party of Cavalry towards Astrabad, where some Armenian Russian subjects had been plundered during the cholera riots.

WEATHER PROSPECTS.

A SUPPLEMENTARY FORECAST.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT,)

SIMLA, Aug. 18.

A supplementary monsoon forecast has been issued by the Meteorological Department dealing with the probability of the occurrence of a prolonged break in the rains in August, or the probability of an unusually early termination of rains in Upper India or Bengal. Snow-fall returns in June and July show that, although heavy local falls may have occurred, there has been no heavy general snow-fall. This is confirmed by the condition of the Jumna, the Sutlej, and the Chenab, and also pressure anomalies were for these months in all cases small and of little importance, hence the following appear to be the chief inferences which can be drawn respecting the rainfall distribution in India during the next two or three months, based on the snow fall information, and the weather conditions in India in June and July :—

1st.—It is very probable that there will be no prolonged general break in the rains in Northern and Central India during the month of August, and hence that the monsoon currents will prevail with at least the normal average strength during the months of August and September.

2nd.—It is probable that the rains will not cease unusually early in September in North-West India, and hence that the Punjab and Rajputana will probably receive moderate rain in September. The probability of moderate rain in October is doubtful in the Punjab.

3rd.—It is probable that Bengal and Behar will obtain favourable rain in September and October.

4th.—It may be noted that although indications are as yet too slight to enable this to be estimated properly it is probable—the Madras coast districts more especially—that the southern districts will receive a normal rainfall in the period from October to December, and that the rainfall may be slight and moderate in the interior districts and Central and South Madras. The distribution of the rainfall is due to the retreating South-West Monsoon, and appears to be chiefly due to the pressure changes which will occur in the last fortnight of September, and the first fortnight of October, and it is at present not possible to forecast these changes except in a very doubtful manner from the year which most nearly resembles the present. The Deccan as well as Southern India received very favourable rain in October and November. The conditions of the present year are unique. It is, however, probable that there are chances about two to one that Deccan as well as Southern India will continue to receive favourable rain until the end of the present South-West Monsoon in November or about December.

5th.—It may also be noted that it is probable that there are chances of at least three to one so far as can at present be judged, cold weather rains in Northern India will be below the normal. This estimate, however, may be largely modified by the conditions and general pressure of changes of the next four months, *i.e.*, August to November.

A DEFAMATION SUIT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Aug. 18.

Dr. Neild Cook, Health Officer, Madras Municipality, has obtained a summons for defamation against the Municipal Commissioner, Colonel Moore prosecuting.

OBITUARY.

Mr. Fletchers, Port Officer, died at Mangalore.

AFFAIRS IN AFGHANISTAN.

RISING IN THE NINGRAHAR DISTRICT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 18.

Reports of a rising against the Amir in the Ningrahar District, about Jellalabad, have proved to be unfounded.

A BRITISH DETACHMENT FOR THE CURRAM VALLEY.

In connection with the repeated raids by the freebooter Chikai into the Curram Valley, the Amir has suggested that the only possible way of maintaining order there is that a British Officer with troops should be stationed in the valley. This, he considers, would be beneficial to both sides, as the Turis, who are under British protection, would be kept in control, and the officer would be able to settle all differences along the frontier. The Government of India, coinciding in this opinion, have informed his Highness that an officer with a sufficient escort will be sent to the Curram in October.

THE TURI JIRGAH.

The Turi Jirgah, now at Kohat, who have been asking for help, will now find their wishes gratified. The escort of the Political Officer will at the outside be 700 or 800 sepoys with two mountain guns.

MAJOR-GENERAL LUCK.

Major-General Luck, C.B., Commanding the Rawalpindi District, goes shortly on forty-two days' privilege leave to Kashmir.

THE SECRETARYSHIP IN THE SUPREME LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Harvey James resumed charge of the Secretaryship in the Legislative Department from Mr. J. M. Macpherson yesterday.

THE ULWAR MURDER TRIAL.

It has been decided that there shall be in the first instance a magisterial inquiry into the charges brought by the Ulwar State against Major Ram Chunder and others in connection with the murder of the late Kunj Beharilal. Should a *prima facie* case be made out the committal will be to a bench of two judges. Mr. Bayley, Political Officer in Bikaneer, will open the inquiry at Ulwar next Monday. In the event of a committal Mr. Evans, of these provinces, and Major Thornton will, as we have already announced, sit together to try the case. The procedure is thus brought into harmony with that adopted in the recent State trial at Rampur. Mr. Ross Alston, of the Allahabad bar, and Mr. Percy Ball, of Agra, appear for the Ulwar State; and Mr. W. M. Colvin, of the Allahabad bar, and Mr. Wiggins, of Agra, will defend Major Ramchandra.

SPORTING ITEMS.

A RACQUET MATCH.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Aug. 18.

The Racquet Match, Poona *vs.* Mhow, was played this afternoon, on the Poona court. Mhow was represented by Mr. Simmonds, R. H. A., and Captain Aitkin, 19th Bombay Infantry, and Poona by Mr. Mactaggart, Lancashire Fusiliers, and Captain Vidal, 13th Bombay Infantry. The Mhow players chose the left court for their sides. The rubber was won easily by Poona by three games to love, namely, 13-5, 13-0, 15-10, and 15-9. The second game was remarkable for the long series of aces by Mr. Mactaggart, who ran out from 6-10. Mactaggart was playing throughout in excellent form. The return match was played shortly after, this also resulted in a win for Poona, 9-15, 15-2, and 15-6. The Mhow pair were under great disadvantage not knowing the court.

CRICKET: GANESH KHIND VS. KIRKEE GARRISON.

A cricket match between the Kirkee Garrison and Ganesh Kind was played to-day at Ganesh Kind. Kirkee was defeated by 171 runs. The special feature of the match was the splendid exhibition of batting by H. E. Lord Harris and Colonel Rhodes, each of whom made a century. Dr. Martin, scored 12; Sergeant Elliott, 31; and Private Langton, 11. Ganesh Khind closed its innings for 290 runs. The Kirkee Garrison scored 129 runs, of which double figures were made by Colonel Caldecott, 69; Captain Slee, 11; and Mr. Stockdale, 24.

GOLF: POONA VS. MHOW.

The golf match between Poona and Mhow was played this evening at the Yerrowda link. Poona was represented by Messrs. Fry and Francis; and Mhow was represented by Captain Aitken and Doctor Peterkin. In the doubles Poona beat Mhow at 3 up and 2 to play; and Mr. Young beat Mr. Lowis in singles at 2 up and 1 to play.

THE PRESIDENCY CRICKET MATCH.

The following gentlemen have been selected to play in the Presidency Cricket Match against the Parsees on the 26th and 27th instant at Bombay:—Colonel Rhodes, Captain Poore, Mr. Sprott, Captain Newnham, Messrs. Steel and Raikes. It is probable Doctor Trask, Mr. Anderson, and Mr. Baker from Mhow will also play in the match.

THE HARRIS FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT.

The Harris Football Tournament will commence on the 3rd September. Dr. Trask has been appointed honorary secretary. The present holders of the cup are the Lancashire Fusiliers.

DANCE AT GANESH KHIND.

Lord Harris gave a dance to-night at Ganesh Khind, at which about 200 ladies and gentlemen assembled. The compound was beautifully illuminated.

THE INDIAN CURRENCY ASSOCIATION.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 18.

A meeting of the Indian Currency Association has been fixed for the 25th instant, at the Town Hall, to consider, and, if approved, to pass a report of the Central Committee.

MR. DADABHOY NAOROJI, M.P.

(FROM CORRESPONDENTS.)

BROACH, Aug. 18.

To-day being the birthday of Mr. Dadabhoy Naoroji a religious Jason ceremony was performed by the Parsee Anjooman, at Jamsed Bag, this morning. All the Agiaries will be lighted this evening, and prayers offered for Mr. Dadabhoy's health and prosperity.

RAWALPINDI, Aug. 17.

The Parsee community met together to-day to thank the Finsbury electors, and congratulated Mr. Dadabhoy Naoroji.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, Aug. 17.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats quiet.

Good Dhollera	3⅛

The Manchester Market has been quiet.

2¾ per cent. Consols	97
3 per cent. Rentes	99⅛
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	105⅛
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	63
Bar Silver	38 3-16

THE MEMORIAL OF THE INDIAN CURRENCY ASSOCIATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I have read with the greatest interest the very able criticism of the Indian Currency Association memorial by Mr. Barr Robertson, which appears in your issue of to-day. He is an authority for whom I have great respect, but I hope that no one will imagine that his arguments are the same as those which have lately been heard in Bombay in opposition to the proposals of the Association, for his voice is the voice of a bi-metallist and not the voice of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce.

His argument is this: that owing to the rupture of the bi-metallic tie, which bound gold and silver together, England has suffered in her own way, and that if India had also been gold monometallic she would have suffered in the same way. In consequence of having had a silver currency India has escaped the particular troubles to which England has been subjected, but has had to endure a trouble peculiar to herself, due to the fact that she is a large gold debtor. The question then is whether the trouble which India has avoided is greater or less than that into which she has fallen.

Undoubtedly, India has enjoyed the advantage of a comparatively stable range of average prices and, but for her gold indebtedness, would have had little to complain of. It is no new thing that Mr. Barr Robertson points out. Sir David Barbour saw it in 1885 when he brought out his Theory of Bi-metallism, in which at p. 154 he states that if forced to strike a balance between the gain and loss he would hesitate to say that on the whole India had up to that date been a loser.

But matters have changed considerably since 1885. Prices in the gold-using countries seem generally to have adjusted themselves about that year, and instead of continuing to fall have somewhat recovered, while silver, and with it Indian prices, has gone on depreciating relatively to gold up to the present day; and as far as can be judged the bottom has not yet been reached. Since 1886 India seems to have been paying more rupees for her imports, and to have been getting about the same rupee price for her exports while the Government loss by exchange, which falls upon the whole country, has been rapidly increasing.

My argument would be most easily understood by a reference to Sir David Barbour's diagram (brought up to date) showing the movements in the gold prices of silver and English commodities. But as the diagram could hardly be printed in your columns I must content myself with exhibiting the facts in tabular form :—

YEAR.	Economists Index figures for English commodities.	Average price of Silver per oz. in pence.
1873	2950	59·80
1874	2980	59·00
1875	2780	57·50
1876	2705	55·50
1877	2710	57·20
1878	2520	53·50
1879	2200	49·30
1880	2550	52·40
1881	2380	51·00
1882	2450	52·00
1883	2350	50·00
1884	2220	51·00
1885	2090	49·90
1886	2010	46·90
1887	2060	46·60
1888	2230	44·50
1889	2190	42·40
1890	2220	44·40
1891	2220	48·00
1892	2130	42·30

It will be seen from this that gold prices of English products touched their lowest point in 1886, when the Economists' Index figure stood at 2010 and that since that year the index figures have been 2060, 2230, 2190, 2230, 2220, and 2130. Silver on the other hand, which in 1886 was just below 47d. an oz., has since then fallen to below 39d., or about 20 per cent. in these seven years. I see no reason to suppose that if India had been gold mono-metallic her prices would not also have adjusted themselves by 1886, for the process of adjustment would, I think, have been easier here than in England. Most of the ryot's costs of production are (at least in the Madras Presidency, with which I am most familiar) paid in grain. He feeds himself and his family with the produce of his own fields, and remunerates his labourers almost entirely with grain payments and his cast-off clothing. The price of cattle would, I believe, have fallen together with the price of grain, and that of English commodities up to 1886 did not much vary in our rupee currency. There remained then only his land assessment to be adjusted, and where he has, as he generally has, his Government for landlord he would without doubt have been dealt with in such a fashion as to make his ruin, which implies the ruin of the Government, impossible.

It is, I think, just what has happened since 1886 that has made all the difference in India's position, and, judging from Sir David Barbour's public utterances, I infer that in his opinion the balance between gain and loss to India has now declared itself to be distinctly a loss, which it is desirable to stop, and if possible, to some extent, retrieve. Whether this result can be attained by adopting the currency reform advocated by the Indian Currency Association may perhaps be questioned. Personally, I think that it can, but the subject is a most difficult one, and needs the fullest examination.

It is a great satisfaction to me to find that such an authority as Mr. Barr Robertson declares himself to be in complete sympathy with the general objects of the Indian Currency Association. When he suggests that some of the assertions made in the memorial are not altogether justifiable I am forced to confess that the tone of the petition has been pitched in too high a key, and this I, together with many others who have signed it, very much deplore.—Yours, &c.,

A. F. COX.

MUNICIPAL BYE-ELECTION.

YESTERDAY a municipal bye-election took place at the municipal offices to fill a vacancy in the Corporation for the Fort ward, caused by the death of Mr. J. R. Duxbury. The Municipal Commissioner had received, on the 11th inst., two nominations of candidates for the vacancy. They were Mr. Mulraj Khatao Makanjee, proposed by Mr. Varjivandas Madhavdas and another, and seconded by Mr. Vagjee Korji Thakar and another; and Mr. Nowrojee Jehangir Gamadia, proposed by Mr. Sorabjee Shapurjee Bengalee, C.I.E., and seconded by Mr. J. N. Tata. As it was a contested election, Mr. Acworth had fixed a poll to take place yesterday.

The polling was conducted by Mr. R. P. Brunton, as general polling officer, with that care and discrimination which have distinguished that officer's management of previous contested elections; and he was assisted by the undermentioned polling officers :—Messrs. P. P. Vagh, B. Ramrao, K. Omedram, H. Rodrigues, D. Bhaidas, and M. Ruttanjee. The polling commenced punctually at 9 a.m., and continued briskly throughout the day, except between 2 and 3 p.m., when there was a falling-off in the attendance. The voters were whipped in by the friends of the rival candidates in carriages specially engaged for the election, the latter imparting a consequential air to the traffic in the streets, which had to be carefully regulated by two European Inspectors of Police. Among the voters were several Parsee and Hindu ladies who voted for the candidates who belonged to their respective communities. There were several votes which were challenged by either side. The voting papers, as they were signed by the voters, were placed in a locked box which was to be opened only by the Municipal Commissioner, and the votes to be counted thereafter. The voting closed punctually at 6 p.m., when about 622 votes had been registered, namely, 110 by Europeans, 174 by Hindus and Mahomedans, and 338 by Parsees. Of the two candidates Mr. Nowrojee Gamadia is believed to have secured a large majority of votes, and he was congratulated by several of his friends upon the result of the election.

ACCORDING to a native correspondent's a lakh's worth of timber was washed away by the flood in the Lunda river, caused by the late rains in Peshawar.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE new Cabinet is believed to have been completed by the appointment of Mr. Shaw-Lefevre to the Commissionership of Works. The Under-Secretaries in most departments have also been appointed.

THE Municipal bye-election of a Councillor to take the place of the late Mr. Duxbury was held yesterday and Mr. Gamadia is believed to have been returned.

CHINA papers report the partial failure of the opium crop in the Washu district of Anhwie. The outturn from this region is usually large, but the plants this year promise badly.

THE scheme for the establishment of an Imperial Observatory in Southern India is to remain in abeyance for the present. It is intended that, in addition to the Astronomer, the observatory shall also have a Superintendent for solar observations.

THE Viceroy's prize in the Simla Exhibition still remains unawarded, the judges apparently considering no picture of sufficient merit to win it. This has excited a good deal of surprise, as more than one excellent specimen of work is shown by well-known amateur artists in India.

SAWLAWI, the loyal chief of Eastern Karenni, has rendered another service to the British, by capturing one of the leaders of the recent attack on Lwekaw, and forty guns.

RAIN-MAKING experiments in Madras have produced no very decided results, and the local Government has just directed that no more money is to be spent on them.

ANOTHER Minlaung has appeared in the Shan States. He applied to the Maungpeun Tsawbwa for assistance to drive the British from Burma, but Maungpeun's reply was to seize him, and he is now in durance. He was a resident of Mandalay, but fled to the Shan States from that city three or four years since.

NOTHING fresh has been heard in Rangoon about the formation of the proposed irrigation circle, but it is feared that it will not be formed till May next, a whole working season being thus lost.

THE Sanitary Board for Burma is examining each town survey of Burma. It is found that all these lack levels, without which the maps are useless. Till proper surveys and levels of the larger towns are made, the appointment of a sanitary adviser will not be made.

MR. A. G. CARDEW, C. S., has been permanently appointed Inspector-General of Jails, Madras. From an administrative point of view the appointment is a good one, for Mr. Cardew, junior, though he be in the service, has displayed during his acting tenure administrative qualities far beyond his years; but it is a thousand pities that amongst the Superintendents of Jails there is not one officer whom the Government could select to become head of the department. Mr. Cardew will probably not hold the appointment very long, for it would not pay him to do so, and it is to be hoped that by the time he vacates it some of the more promising junior Superintendents will be deemed eligible.

A CORRESPONDENT writes to a contemporary :—"Several months have now elapsed since Brigade-Surgeons Lieutenant-Colonel Fleming, Macleod, and Callen, retired from the Indian Medical Service. Their vacancies have not yet been filled up, so as to complete the number of Brigade Surgeons on the Bengal Medical Establishment, which was fixed by a general order to 21 for the Bengal Presidency. There has been no order recently published in India Army Circulars reducing that number to 18, as shown in the "Quarterly Army List" of July 1892. Numerous are the inquiries why promotion has not been made to fill up existing vacancies. Surely it cannot be for the sake of economy."

THE Hongkong College of Medicine for Chinese, which was established five years ago, has granted diplomas to two of its students, who are thereby licensed to practise Medicine, Surgery and Midwifery. The presentation of the diplomas was made the occasion of a public function, at which H. E. Sir William Robinson, presided. Dr. Cantlie, the Dean of the College, delivered an interesting address on the work which had been accomplished and the difficulties which had been overcome, and spoke in the most sanguine terms of the future of the institution. He announced that the Hon. E. R. Belilios, to whom the Colony is indebted for many benefactions, had offered a site and a building for the College, at a cost of dols. 40,000, on condition that the Government should grant an equivalent sum as an endowment. The College at present has its habitation in the Alice Memorial Hospital. H. E. the Governor, referring to the munificent offer by Mr. Belilios, said that, in view of the financial position of the Colony, it was an awkward time to come to the Government for an endowment, but he hoped to be able to obtain it. Mr. Fielding Clarke, Chief Justice of the Colony, has been elected Rector of the College.

A BENGALI named Sreenath Podh, while bathing in the Hooghly on Friday morning was carried off by an alligator. Other natives who were bathing at the spot made an attempt to rescue him, but all to no purpose. The deceased was seen to rise in the middle of the river but again disappeared.

THE engagement between Colonel Walker's Sikhs and the followers of the Orang Kaya of Semantan appears to have been more serious than was at first reported. Colonel Walker himself had a narrow escape in rushing the enemy's position; and but for the bad marksmanship of the enemy the affair could scarcely have ended otherwise than disastrously. It is estimated that from 100 to 150 more Sikhs are required, for the fugitive chieftain is to be systematically pursued.

IN a letter to the Manager of the Madras branch of the New Oriental Bank Corporation, the Attorney at Melbourne of Mr. Welton, the Liquidator, correcting a statement which appeared in the newspapers, says—"The total advances of the Melbourne branch are about £320,000, the larger portion of which consists of discounts and mercantile advances; and the greater part of these will in due time be recovered.

FROM the 6th to the 12th instant, 6 Europeans, 18 East Indians, 24 Native Christians, 472 Hindus, and 55 Mahomedans died within Municipal limits in Madras, making a total of 576 persons. The average of the corresponding week for the ten previous years was 344. The deaths are thus classified :—42 from cholera, 8 from measles, 189 from fevers, 97 from dysentery, 39 from diarrhœa, and 201 from other diseases. The death-rate in the week under notice was 66·1 per 1,000 per annum. The mean of the ten previous years was 39·6 per 1,000 per annum.

ADVICES from Foochow state that on the 9th inst. the export of tea to Europe was 7¾ million lbs., against 7 million lbs. at the same date last year. Settlements for the fortnight were 48,000 chests Congou and 7,000 chests Souchong, which showed a great falling off when compared with the figures for the previous fortnight, notwithstanding a drop in freights to 15/- per ton. The second crop tea, being poor in quality, is said to have attracted but little attention as yet. The first crop of Congou totalled 195,000 chests, being 25,000 chests less than last year. The second crop is expected to show even a greater deficiency. Freight to London, which had fallen as low as 15/- per ton, has risen to 30/- again.

A CORRESPONDENT of a North China paper gives an account of a visit which he paid to a Chinaman who has taken a vow to watch his mother's grave for three years. The neighbours had built a hut for the man over the grave and his friends send him supplies of food. He never leaves the hut for any purpose, never washes, nor shaves nor changes his clothing. As he had been living in this way for six months when the correspondent visited him, he was in a disgustingly filthy state, and the stench from his habitation was sufficiently powerful to prevent anyone from intruding on his privacy except for the briefest possible space. As this kind of madness is considered very meritorious by the Chinese, the filial son is certain to be comfortably provided for by the authorities when he has finished his vigil.

THE Foreign Office in the land of the Celestials never acts like other Foreign Offices; it would not be the Tsung-li-Yamen if it did. The attitude adopted in regard to the advance of Russia on the Pamirs is an illustration in point. To say that Pekin has no knowledge of what occurred at Tagharma weeks ago, is probably true enough; and to say that the Tsung-li-Yamen really was unconcerned whether the Russians had or not usurped the whole of the Pamir territory, would perhaps be to say that its policy is less foolish than it looks; but the Tsung-li-Yamen is not truly unconcerned, as the action of the Chinese Ambassador at St. Petersburg shows—except about the heads of its subordinates. It would like to stick to the slice of the "Roof of the World" hitherto claimed for China, and its counterpart in any other country would be held responsible. In China, however, the office of a Foreign Minister is apparently one of much dignity and little responsibility. If the Chinese Pamirs go, as they probably will, the Governor of Chinese Turkistan may be degraded and lose his button: but the Tsung-li-Yamen is "unconcerned." China has often imitated the ostrich in the course of her history, but never so comically as in this instance.

THE following advertisement, from the *Western Mercury*, is interesting as showing what husbands have to put up with. It is bad enough to be deserted by your wife; but how much worse to be compelled to advertise the fact that you have been deserted in favour of a man with a wooden leg and eight children!

I, William Vivian, South Brent, hereby give notice that my wife, Bessie Peters Vivian (a tall, slight person), has eloped with a married man who has one wooden leg and eight children. Public beware; no responsibility for debts.

ONE of the coolest performances on record is that of John Gavin, one of the crew who manned the Liverpool lifeboat in the recent gale on the Mersey. Gavin is popularly known among his confreres as "Leggy," this sobriquet being given to him because he has only one leg available for active service. In spite, however, of the fact that he suffers from loss of a limb, Gavin is a stout old sea-dog who loves the dangers of the deep, and has more than once done good service in going out to rescue human life. He was one of the promptest at leaping with the aid of his crutch into the lifeboat. He was pitched into the water with the rest near the bar when the boat heeled over, but Gavin neither lost his presence of mind nor his crutch. He climbed the boat's side as well as he could after the accident occurred, and held on like grim death to the boat and to the crutch. The boat drifted for many miles in a long sweep round before it struck the Leasowe shore, but though the sea was lashed into fury, and continually broke over the boat, Gavin held on fast to the boat and his wooden leg. Next morning he was reported to be quite vigorous and active; his only anxiety was to get back home, though he was detained at Hoylake until the doctor's arrival. At the landing-stage the officials spoke in the highest praise of the gallantry of the lifeboat crew, and great surprise was expressed that the men had been able to pull through such a night in their terrible position, and all were loud in their congratulations to the brave "Leggy," who had saved himself and his crutch into the bargain.

THERE has been something of a breeze at the Naval and Military Club in London, writes a contemporary, owing to an indiscreet and rather silly effusion which a well-known member recently addressed to *Vanity Fair*. Major-General Dashwood, writing on the Club paper, expressed his jubilation at General Sir Andrew Clarke's failure to get into Parliament, because, as he strongly put it, there could be no object of greater loathing and contempt than a British officer of Gladstonian opinions. Of course, Mr. Labouchere, as a man who is always mealy-mouthed, and never wilfully treads upon anybody's corns, was bound to take the matter up, and it was eventually brought to the notice of the Club Committee, who, while stating that any action on their part in reference to such a proceeding would be *ultra vires*, requested the gallant General, politely but firmly, to be more sparing with his invective in future when writing for publication under the imprimature of a non-political club. Mr. Labouchere, however, professes not to be satisfied with the Committee's decision. Can it be that the hon. member has no sense of the absurdity of his finding fault with this ultra-Tory General for imitating his own intemperance of language at a great distance? Surely it is as bad to compare a politician to Judas Iscariot, as it is to represent an opponent as an object of contempt.

WHY, asks a home paper, does not Mr. Cunninghame-Graham abandon the unsatisfactory career of politics for the professsion of letters? His letter to the *Daily Graphic* this morning on the subject of the Morocco Mission, may be one-sided and ill-judged, but it is certainly most excellent reading. The graphic picture of a British Embassy starting on its mission in the land of the Moors is quite as true as it is manifestly ill-natured—and it is very amusing. Mr. Cuninghame-Graham has a fine sense of humour. Like many other humourists, however, he is more apt to see what is ludicrous in others than what is ludicrous in himself.

DR. LAUDER BRUNTON is evidently a gentleman of infinite resource, but his last discovery is one which should be useful to all those who drive the weary quill. Called upon to write an article after a hard day's work, he found that the tired brain would work no longer. "Want of circulation," thought Dr. Brunton; "if the blood won't rise to my head, it must fall there." Thereupon he laid his head upon the table, the brain regained its circulation, the ideas flowd as freely, and the article was finished. A better posture for intellectual exercise, in that case, would be standing on one's head, after the fashion of the street boy. We doubt, however, whether a literary man, who also happens to be a man of weight, could write comfortably in that position, even though he had the aid of a corner.

TOURISTS who are tired of what Prebendary Jones calls "the regular Swiss round" may be glad to take a hint from the military officer who writes in the *Cornhill* about "The Russians at Home." The Caucasus, he assures us, richly repays the trouble and expense of a visit to the southern part of the Czar's dominions. "I have seen," he says, "many parts of the globe—from the East to the West Indies, from America to the borders of the Celestial Empire, from South Africa to Russia—and on the whole, for charm and beauty of nature, and for interesting variety of races, I give the palm to the Caucasus. Of the strange medley of costumes which the world's panorama reveals, I think none exceed in picturesque quaintness, at once becoming and exceedingly convenient, the dress of the majority of the inhabitants of the Caucasus, commonly called the "Circassian costume" Having worn it in the country itself—riding, walking, and mountain-climbing—I may claim to have tested its convenience."

MR. HERBERT of Muckross's article on English Society in the August number of the *Cosmopolitan* magazine is noteworthy as a token of the progress of the personal elements in modern light literature. Mr. Herbert's article, which is studded with little portrait sketches of English ladies of fashion, is filled with personal gossip about living persons of the sort that the old-fashioned retailers of anecdote were content to whisper about, but which now-a-days finds its way into print. The writer does not even scruple to sketch his own guests for the entertainment of his American audience. Some of his little stories lack the charm of freshness—at least for English readers. Of Lady Musgrave and Mrs. Cornwallis West Mr. Herbert is kind enough to say: "Both undeniably are exceeding fair, and it is proper to add that they deserve distinction from the professional beauties of their time. He relates that at a bazaar which was held in the grounds of Muckross House, to raise funds for the Killarney Church, Mrs. Cornwallis West, after exerting herself all day at her stall, held up her hat and offered it to the highest bidder. "The fair auctioneer," he continues, "was at once surrounded by an enthusiastic group of men, who bid hotly against each other for the prize, which was finally knocked down for five and twenty pounds, and immediately returned to the owner as a gift."

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

AN adjourned meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday afternoon, with Mr. Javerilal U. Yajnik in the chair. There were also present:—Messrs. Anandrao Narayen Vasudeo, Ardasir Dadabhoy Mody, Budrudin bin Abdula Kur, Brigade-Surgeon S. O'B. Banks, Messrs. Bhagwandas Narotumdas, Bhalchandra Krishna Bhatawedekar, Byramjee Nusserwanjee Servai, C. H. Byrne, Chimanlal Harilal Setalwad, Cowasjee Hormusjee, Cowasji Pestonji, Damodar Thakersi Mulji, Darashah Ratanji Chichgar, A. Dominick D'Monte, Dinshah Edulji Wacha, Fardunji Nasarwanji Bisni, Fazulbhai Jumabhai Lalji, the Hon. Fazulbhoy Visram, Goolam Hoosein Allana, Goverdhandas Gocouldas Tejpal, Hurkisondas Nurrotumdas, Ibrahim Rahimtula, Jamsedji Kharsedji Kama, Jaya Karadi Lingu, Karsandas Chubildas, K. M. Shroff, Kharsedji Nasarwanji Wadia, Brigade-Surgeon G. A. Maconachie, Messrs. Mulji Bhawanidas Barbhaya, Nanabhai Navroji Katrak, Nanu Narayan Kothare, R. G. Oxenham, Pherozshah Merwanjee Mehta, Pranjivandas Culliandas, Rahimtula Khairaz, Rahimtula Mahomed Sayani, Selim Solomon, Sundernath D. Khote, Tribhowandas Varjiwandas, Vandrawundas Purshotumdas, Dr. Accacio Gabriel Viegas, Captain W. P. Walshe, and Colonel W. H. Wilson.

AN ARCHITECT'S VIEW OF PUNKAHS.

The Corporation considered letter to the Commissioner, from Mr. F. W. Stevens, C.I.E., the architect of the new Municipal Office building, stating that he feared the provision of punkahs in the council chamber would to a considerable extent interfere with the acoustic properties and architectural effect of the room, suggesting that punkahs should not be provided for the room until it is found they were absolutely necessary, and stating he was inclined to think they would not be required at all, as the chamber was well ventilated and exposed to the N.-W. breeze.

Mr. Selim Solomon suggested that Mr. Stevens be informed that the provision of punkahs in the council chamber of the New Municipal Offices might be postponed until it was found that they were required. Mr. Stevens, he said, was quite right in suggesting that the punkahs would be an ungainly addition to the architecture of the chamber. It was very likely the punkahs would not be found necessary at all.

Mr. Kur supported the proposition.

Brigade-Surgeon S. O.'B. Banks said that he quite sympathised with Mr. Stevens' wish from an artistic point of view, but he could not help remarking that the members could not with comfort to themselves sit in a room where there were no punkahs put up. He, therefore, hoped that the Corporation would not entertain the recommendation which was made by Mr. Stevens.

The Municipal Commissioner drew the members' attention to the absence of punkahs in the Secretariat and Port Trust Offices.

Dr. Cowasjee was of opinion that punkaks might be put up in the new council chamber if found necessary.

The proposition was put to the vote and carried unanimously.

AN ARTISTIC KEY FOR OPENING THE NEW MUNICIPAL OFFICES.

The following letter from Mr. Stevens was read by the Municipal Commissioner to the meeting :—

Bombay, 4th August, 1892.

H. A. Acworth, Esq., C.S., Municipal Commissioner.

SIR,—In case it is contemplated to have a public opening of the New Municipal buildings, I have the honour to suggest that you will notify the same to me at an early date, in order that arrangements may be made to have an artistic and appropriate silver key made for presentation to the high official who may open the buildings. I have made enquiries at the School of Art as to how long it would take to design and make a key, and the Principal has informed me from three to four months, so there is not much time to be lost.—I have, &c., FREDERICK W. STEVENS, Architect, Civil Engineer and Surveyor.

The Municipal Commissioner considered the matter might be taken up as one of urgency.

Mr. Wacha said he did not think it necessary to go into the question of manufacturing a silver key before they had fixed upon a definite date for the opening of the New Municipal Offices. He thought the opening ceremony would not take place until after a lapse of five or six months. The order for making the silver key might, therefore, be postponed. He did not think it was a matter to be taken up as one of urgency.

The Municipal Commissioner said he brought forward the above letter at the request of the Chairman, and the reasons for urgency were stated in Mr. Stevens' letter. With the exception of the dome the new building would, he thought, be completed before the end of the year, as the contract expired on the 26th of December. It would be the business of the Corporation to decide whether there should be a public opening of the new buildings, and if so, of what character. He would suggest that the opening ceremony and the making of of a silver key be postponed till the meeting in September.

The suggestion was adopted.

VENTILATION FOR THE QUEEN'S ROAD SEWERS.

In accordance with the notice of motion by Dr. Cowasjee the Corporation sanctioned the payment of Rs. 1,860 from surplus cash balance towards providing two masonry and two metal ventilating shafts for the Queen's Road Sewer.

A SHORT-HAND WRITER'S FEES.

The Corporation next considered resolution of the Standing Committee, No. 3953, dated 20th July 1892, as under:—"That the Corporation be recommended to sanction the expenditure of Rs. 1,063 from Surplus Cash Balance, on account of the cost of printing the proceedings of the House Connections Committee, and of the allowance payable to Mr. Gordon, Shorthand Writer, for taking notes of the evidence given before the Committee."

The Municipal Commissioner said he would ask that the matter might be postponed till the next meeting, as it was just possible, though not very probable, that he would be able to make cheaper arrangements for reporting the proceedings of the sub-committee's meeting.

Dr. Cowasjee considered that the thousand rupees had already been spent.

The Municipal Commissioner replied that that amount had already been exceeded. He thought he would be able to settle the matter on the following morning.

Mr. Setalwad did not favour the engagement of a shorthand-writer's services for reporting the proceedings.

Mr. K. M. Shroff said he did not see why a shorthand-writer ought to be employed who was outside the Municipal Department. He understood the Corporation had on the staff of their employés two shorthand-writers, who might be engaged for the purpose of reporting the proceedings.

The Municipal Commissioner said he was sorry to say that in the first place the two gentlemen named by Mr. Shroff could not be spared from their respective duties which were heavy and onerous, and in the second place the reporting of the Committee's proceedings necessitated the employment of an experienced professional shorthand-reporter who could take a *verbatim* note of the examination and questions put to witnesses who came before the Committee.

The further consideration of the question was postponed till the next meeting.

CONSTRUCTING A STORM-WATER DRAIN.

On the motion of Dr. Cowasjee sanction was given by the Corporation for the construction of a storm-water drain in the public passage between Parel and DeLisle Roads, at a point near the Victoria Technical Institute, at a cost of Rs. 1,834, to be met out of savings of Rs. 2,542-13-4, under Conservancy Branch, Section II., Labour, A, Scavengering, Health Department Budget, for the current year.

THE BHUNDARWADA RESERVOIR.

In accordance with the notice of motion by Dr. Cowasjee, sanction was given to the covering of the floor of the distributing basin of the Bhandarwada Reservoir with Indian Patent Stone, (*b*) to the plastering of a portion of the brick piers in that basin, (*c*) to the filleting the junction of main walls and piers with the floors, and (*d*) to the payment or the cost of these works, *viz.*,

sale proceeds of one horse sold on account of chronic disease of its coronets.

Similar sanction was given to the writing off of Rs. 1,607-4-8, from the live-stock return of the Health Department, being the book-value of 24 bullocks that died, and one that was destroyed during the quarter ending 31st May, 1892.

PROVISION FOR FIRE BRIGADE QUARTERS.

As applied for by the Commissioner, in his letter No. 7227, dated 4th instant, and with reference to their resolution No. 6258, dated 3rd September, 1891, the Corporation sanctioned the rising of a loan of Rs. 4,50,000, at 4 per cent. interest per annum, (as authorised by the Government of India in its letter to the Government of Bombay No. 2501 (Finance and Commerce), dated 14th June, 1892, for the cost of providing Fire Brigade quarters, instead of at 4½ per cent., as sanctioned in the Corporation's resolution as above; (2) to authorise the Commissioner to address the Government in terms of letter now submitted and to forwarded therewith the draft notification also submitted; (3) that the previous sanction of the Standing Committee be obtained to the raising of the loan.

A GENEROUS CITIZEN.

The Corporation next considered resolution of the Standing Committee No. 3965, dated 20th July, 1892, as under:—"That, with reference to the offer of Mr. Shaishia R. Naidoo, to erect, at his own cost, a public drinking trough for cattle at the junction of Hornby and Paltan Roads, the Corporation be recommended to sanction the free supply of water to the trough, under the terms of Section 266 of the Municipal Act, subject to the following conditions: that the design of the proposed structure is submitted to and approved by the Commissioner; and that on completion the trough be handed over to the Corporation.

Dr. Cowasjee proposed the acceptance of the offer.

Mr. P. M. Mehta said the Corporation were in possession of nothing concerning the cost and design of the project.

Dr. Cowasjee replied that Mr. Naido intended to spend about Rs.2,000 on the construction of the trough.

Mr. Mehta thought that the Corporation should have it before them in black and white, and therefore moved an amendment to the effect that the subject be referred back to the Standing Committee for fuller report.

Dr. Banks supported the amendment which was carried.

A NEW ROAD-METAL DEPOT.

On the motion of Dr. Katrak, supported by Mr. Bharbhaya, sanction was given to a lease, on a tenancy-at-will, being entered into with Government for the occupation of 450 square yards of land close to Churni Road, Queen's Road, as a road metal depot, at a rent of Rs. 9-6-0 per month, or Rs. 112-8-0 per annum.

THE OVAL.

It was proposed by Mr. Cursondas Chabildas to record letter No. 262, C. W. 1059, P. W. Department, dated 6th July, 1892, from Mr. Burke, Under Secretary, stating that Government are not prepared to part with the land lying between the statue of H. R. H. the Prince of Wales and the Sailors' Home, and fronting the P. and O. Co.'s office, at anything less than its full market value.

Mr. P. M. Mehta pointed out for the edification of the members of the Corporation that the Bombay Municipality had often been compared to other municipalities, and were often told they did not do this and that which the English and Scotch Municipalities were wont to do. That would show that the Municipality of Bombay when it was first constituted did not get all the land in the city, though all other burdens of various kinds were imposed upon it. The land in question and similar properties at present held by Government should have been made over, he considered, to the city.

Mr. Solomon said the Corporation were right in availing themselves of every opportunity of pressing upon Government the desirability and absolute necessity for keeping such sites open. It was not only the opinion of the Corporation, but for aught he knew that of most of the inhabitants of Bombay, that the ideas they entertained in regard to such pieces of land should be placed before Government on every available opportunity.

The proposition was put to the vote and carried.

A WAIL FROM HAY-DEALERS.

The Corporation considered Memorandum No. 6881, dated 29th June, 1892, from the Commissioner, reporting on petition, dated 13th April, 1892, from Messrs. Dhondoo Mukoond, Vithoo Sumbhaji, and others, complaining of the enhanced license-fee for the sale of hay, at Frere Bunder. The memorandum runs as follows: The Commissioner has the honour to return the petition from hay-dealers at Frere Bunder received by him with Corporation resolution No. 2261 of 13th inst. It will be observed that it contains 39 signatures, 28 of these have been traced, the remainder have not now, if they ever had, any hay at Frere Bunder. Of these 28 dealers one occupies an area of 2,625 square feet, four occupy areas of 2,250 square feet each, 13 occupy areas of 1,500 square feet each, and the remaining 8 occupy areas of 1,125 square feet, which is the smallest area occupied by any hay-dealer on Frere Bunder. The Commissioner would respectfully ask the Corporation to consider whether men operating on this scale can reasonably be called, as they call themselves, "petty dealers," or reasonably claim exemption as such from anything but a nominal fee. The only change which the Commissioner feels justified in recommending, and which he hereby does recommend to the Corporation is the alteration in the fee table of the words "one cart-load" to "two cart-loads."

Dr. Katrak moved that the words "two cart-loads," be substituted for the words "one cart-load."

Mr. Mehta said he could not express his satisfaction at the manner in which the Commissioner dealt with the matter.

The Municipal Commissioner pointed out that the applicants were not men in the condition of life in which they represented themselves, and were perfectly able to bear the fee imposed on them.

Dr. Bhalchandra moved as an amendment that the memorandum be recorded.

The amendment was carried.

The meeting adjourned till Monday next at 3 p.m.

ATHLETIC SPORTS AT WADHWAN.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

THE annual athletic sports of the Daji Raj High School, at Wadhwan, took place on the 14th inst., at the Race-Course, near the railway station. The 7th, 8th, and 9th days of the current Hindu month are here, as elsewhere, looked upon as gala-days, and in connection with them a fair is annually held under the auspices of the Durbar, which also provides athletic sports, open to the local High and Taluka Schools, and athletic and mounted sports, open to the State police. The first day was reserved for the boys. Pavilions were put up, and the State band was in attendance, while a large concourse of people attended. The Thakore Saheb of Wadhwan was present.

There were numerous entries from both the competing schools for each event on the card, and this in a measure testifies to the fact that due attention is being paid at Wadhwan to the physical training of the rising generation.

Every event was the occasion of a keen contest between the youthful competitors, and the performances of the prize-winners did credit to the schools which they represented. Sherkhan and Gulabchand of the High School, and Luxmishanker of the Taluka School won three prizes each. The latter did capitally well in the hurdle race. The sack race and the potato race created much amusement amongst the spectators. The tug-of-war, which was open to all under fourteen, was a most even-matched struggle, as the boys had to pull at the rope for nearly 6 or 7 minutes each time. In this, as in several other contests, the High School was victorious and carried off the lion's share of the prizes. The duties of judge devolved upon Mr. Strip, and those of starter upon Mr. Kapadia. Everything passed off successfully from start to finish. The results of the races are recorded below. Three cheers for his Highness the Thakore Saheb and three more for Mr. and Mrs. Strip, the latter of whom kindly distributed the prizes, terminated the proceedings:—

WIDE JUMP.

Sherkhan,	(High School)	1
Gulabchand,	(„ „)	2
Ambashanker,	(„ „)	3

HIGH JUMP.

Sherkhan,	(High School)	1
Gulabchand,	(„ „)	2
Luxmishanker,	(Taluka School)	3

FOOT RACE.

Mavji,	(High School)	1
Gulabchand,	(„ „)	2
Luxmishanker,	(Taluka School)	3

THROWING THE CRICKET BALL.

Sunderji,	(High School)	1
Mahashanker,	(High School)	2

SACK RACE.

Revashanker,	(Taluka School)	1
Mahashanker	(High School)	2

POTATO RACE.

Sherkhan,	(High School)	1

HURDLE RACE.

Luxmishanker,	(Taluka School)	1
Sukhlal,	(High School)	2

TUG-OF-WAR.

High School, ten prizes.

MILITARY.

CAPT. G. W. S. FRYER, Indian Staff Corps, has been permitted to return to duty.

ASSISTANT SURGEON EDWARD MACKENZIE, Karachi Naval Volunteers, will be Honorary Surgeon.

CAPTAIN D. HAIG, 7th Hussars, has been attached to the Adjutant-General's office, Poona, on special duty.

SURGEON-MAJOR H. P. JERVIS, I.M.S., has been granted six months' extension of leave, on medical certificate.

SECOND-LIEUTENANT G. LUBBOCK, Royal Engineers, has been posted to the Madras Command, Military Works.

MAJOR G. HAWKES, 2nd Battalion 5th Goorkhas, has passed the Colloquial Examination in the Parvatiza language.

LIEUT. P. H. CUNNINGHAM, Indian Staff Corps, has been granted six months' extension of leave, on medical certificate.

CAPTAIN WELLS-COLE, Yorkshire Light Infantry, on his recent promotion, has been ordered home to join the 1st battalion.

SURGEON-LIEUT-COL. C. LITTLE, M. D., I. M. Service, has been granted furlough for twelve months, on medical certificate.

SURGEON-LIEUT.-COL. R. CALDECOTT, I.M.S., Medical Officer, 2nd Regiment Central India Horse, has been granted six months' leave.

SURGEON-LIEUT. W. C. SPRAGNE, M.D., I.M.S., has had his services placed at the disposal of Government for employment in the Civil Department.

HONORARY CAPTAIN T. JONES, Deputy Commissary of the Queen's Own Sappers and Miners, has been pensioned on a stipend of £216 per annum.

THE whole of the Kathiawar State's Imperial Service Cavalry are about to be armed with the Snider Carbine, and will ultimately receive the Martini-Henry Carbine.

HIS EXCELLENCY SIR GEORGE GREAVES, Commander-in-Chief, Bombay Army, will present new colours to the 8th Bombay Infantry, at Ahmednagar, on the 7th September.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL E. T. BROWELL, commanding Royal Artillery, Sind District, has been ordered to proceed to Woolwich, to command the Field Artillery Depot at the station.

SECOND-LIEUTENANT N. C. LIVINGSTONE LEARMOUTH, Royal Artillery, has been posted on appointment to the 76th Field Battery, and Second-Lieutenant Houston to the 20th Field Battery.

CAPTAIN C. H. C. VAN STRAUBENZEE, 2nd Battalion Suffolk Regiment, and Lieutenants L. J. Andrews and W. E. Banbury, Indian Staff Corps, have passed the High Proficiency test, in the Persian language.

MAJOR J. G. CURTIS, Assistant Adjutant-General for Musketry, Army Head-quarters, has been given permission to proceed on tour of inspection, in the Hyderabad and Nagpur districts, from the 24th August to the 7th September.

MAJOR G. B. E. RADCLIFFE, Assistant Commissary-General, 2nd Class, has been transferred from Bombay to Mhow, and Lieutenant L. J. Mathias, Deputy Assistant Commissary-General, 2nd Class, has been transferred from Ahmedabad to Bombay.

MAJOR NUTHALL, 13th Bombay Infantry (President) and Captains Pringle, 2nd Lancers, and Howell, 1st Worcester, have been appointed as a Subsidiary Committee of adjustment on the estate of the late 2nd Lieutenant H. Simson, 2nd Durham Light Infantry.

THE detachment of two companies of the 2nd Battalion, Gloster Regiment, at Neemuch, strength 3 officers and 225 men, have been relieved by a detachment of almost similar strength from Head-quarters, under the command of Major E. Law. Captain A. C. Lovett commanded the out-going detachment.

THE Madras military authorities have issued orders that men disbanded from the late 10th, 12th, 32nd, and 3rd Regiments, Madras Infantry, under 21 years service, who may be physically fit for service, may *re-enlist* between the 1st July and 31st October; followers also are to be allowed to re-enlist, if physically fit.

IT has been notified in Army Orders that applications for leave out of India, on private affairs, from officers of the Indian Service, who are over eight years' of service, and have not passed the examination laid down in para. 331 of Army Regulations, India, Volume II., cannot be favourably considered, except in cases where very urgent reasons are adduced, or when the applicant is not likely to be soon promoted.

MADRAS ELECTRIC TRAMWAY CO.

THE statutory meeting of the above Company was held at the offices, Trafalgar Buildings, 1, Northumberland Avenue, London, on July 28th. Mr. Wm. Digby, Chairman, presided. Mr. Colebrook Codd (Secretary) read the notice convening the meeting. Explanations were given as to the absence of two directors—Mr. W. A. Gibson, from illness, and Mr. Alfred J. Lusty, unexpectedly detained at Douglas, Isle of Man.

The Chairman said:—Gentlemen, we are met to-day in accordance with the requirements of the law affecting limited liability companies. By that law it is provided that shareholders shall have the opportunity of meeting their directors. Our proceedings are purely formal. For a variety of reasons, no contracts have yet been entered into, and none will be arranged for a little time. It has been thought by my colleagues that, as Chairman of the Company, I should visit Madras, where many things require to be settled. In accordance with this desire I proceed to India on the 14th October next. We confidently expect that the works will be commenced early in the new year. The board has had the promise of assistance and counsel from Mr. Kittredge, managing director of the most successful tramway company in India, namely, the Bombay Tramway Company, Limited. Mr. Kittredge called here recently to see me, and manifested considerable interest in what we are doing. He also had an interview with Mr. Gibson. I may further state that the board have a call upon the services of an expert tramway engineer; his appointment will, probably, shortly be made. The gentleman in question has had large experience with tramways in India. He has so much confidence in the prospects of our Company as to have voluntarily offered to take shares to the value of Rs. 5,000. This, gentlemen, I think, is all I have to tell you. I hope, when next we meet, to be in a position to report, if not the actual completion of one or more sections of the line, at least the prospect of an early completion. Nothing has occurred to shake the confidence of the directors in the prospects of the Company as a thoroughly sound and good investment, from the working of which shareholders may hope to derive substantial advantage. The directors, as I have said, have no special information to lay before you to-day, because they are acting with great caution, and will only proceed as they see the way clear before them. Should any shareholder wish for information on any point, and will ask a question or questions when I sit down, answers shall be given; or on application to the Secretary, any particulars desired can be obtained. No questions were asked.

Mr. Assor, as a shareholder, expressed his gratification at the statement made by the Chairman, and moved: "That this meeting, having heard the statement made by the Chairman, expresses its gratification thereat, and approves of the course which the directors have taken."

Mr. Blades seconded the motion, which was unanimously carried. In acknowledgment, the chairman stated that the directors highly valued this expression of opinion; and he could assure the shareholders that no board ever had the interests of shareholders more at heart than had he and his colleagues. Nothing would be wanting on the part of his colleagues and of himself, in thought, in effort, in earnest endeavour, to serve the best interests of those concerned in the enterprise.

A vote of thanks to the Chairman concluded the proceedings.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s.s. Assam, Captain G. W. F. Browne, will sail to-day for London, Brindisi, and Marseilles, with the Europe mails and the following passengers:—

FOR LONDON.

Two Messrs Roy	Mr Ferrier
Col and Mrs Roddy	Mrs Kroyer & three children
Miss Roddy	Mr H H Roddy
Two Messrs Roddy	Surgn-Major Faloy
Master Roddy	Mr Toole
Mr J S Sealy	Mr Walters
Mr J Stuart	Mr J J Cookman

FOR BRINDISI.

Mr Heaton	Mr Urquhart
Mr Peacock	Capt A S Wedderburn
Mr Butterworth	Mr N Beaton Bell

FOR MARSEILLES.

Mr Milward	Brigadier-Genl Boyce Combe
Surgn-Captain Donegan	Two Misses Boyce Combe
Lieut-Col Browell	Mr and Mrs Horsley, child and infant
Veterinary-Capt J Gillespie	Mrs Bishop
Surgn-Capt Leishman	

LONGEVITY AND OCCUPATION.

THE exhaustive volume on the diseases of occupations, which Dr. Arlidge has just issued through Messrs. Percival, writes the *Standard*, is the latest word on a subject which has already quite a literature of its own. Though, as the author points out, insurance companies are not always quite so ready to grasp the fact, the entire question has to be reconsidered from time to time. The conditions of labour are always changing, so that what is to-day a dangerous trade may, at no distant time, become a healthy one, or *vice versa*. In estimating the value of lives, the actuaries disregard individual cases and decide by averages, and, as the success of insurance companies proves, find, on the whole, that their estimates correspond very closely with facts. Civilisation is always developing new maladies—Nature, as it were, avenging herself on any interference with the even tenour of her ways. Some years ago the girls in the Treasury at Washington began in many cases to look ill, and to develop sores on the hands and heads. After prolonged investigation the mystery was unravelled. They were suffering from arsenical poisoning, derived from the green colour on the "greenbacks" which they were engaged in counting, having the habit of wetting their fingers, and sometimes putting them, while damp, on their foreheads. The "lawn tennis arm," like the houseman's knee and the dentist's leg, are all modern maladies. The continuous use of the telephone also causes a buzzing noise in the ears of many people, accompanied by an intense nervous irritability, which renders the victims of the "telephonic tintinnatus" intolerant of the slightest din, and will sometimes even produce serious inflammation of the tympanum. It will, nevertheless, occasionally happen that a new disease is nothing more than an old one under a different form. Thus, the epidemic of pleuro-pneumonic fever which, in the springs of 1887 and 1888, attacked the ironworkers of Middlesbrough, was for a time attributed to the inhalation of fine dust proceeding from the pulverisation and sifting of the basic slag resulting from the manufacture of steel by the Gilchrist-Thomas process. It has since been discovered that its predisposing cause was exposure to chills or unusual bodily fatigue. Dr. Arlidge's painstaking researches are full of instances of diseases due not so much to anything in the work itself as to the habits superinduced by it? Take the Metropolitan Police Force; as a whole, being picked men, they start official life not unduly handicapped. Rheumatism, colds in the head, bronchitis, and quinsy might, no doubt, be presaged, from the exposure to which they are subjected in all weathers, to be among their prevalent diseases. But gout one could scarcely imagine to be common among constables tramping their beats with the regularity of automatons, and not tempted, either by high pay or the undue hospitality of the area, to indulge in high living. This liability to an aristocratic malady is attributed to "the ever-active inducements to slake their thirst at the cost of the dealers in beer and spirits," and, without their features exhibiting any signs of intemperate habits, the Force acquire "remarkable tolerance of the beverage so frequently patronised." Tea-tasting is a lucrative calling, but it cannot be pursued long; for, after a time, the taster loses the power of distinguishing the varying qualities of the tea—a misfortune that is compensated by a cessation of the nervous troubles which, after a few years, are the result of his occupation. Green tea-tasting causes frequent biliousness, while packers of tea, especially of Assam leaf, are liable to a peculiar form of paralysis affecting the muscles of locomotion.

Without following Dr. Arlidge through his inquiries, we may note one or two points which he brings out. Nearly all trades in which the fumes of chemicals and dust are inhaled are unhealthy. The terrible mortality of the Sheffield knife-grinders has been greatly lessened by the magnetic mask, though it was difficult to persuade the men for a time to prolong their lives by this simple expedient. "Wages were low enough already," they argued; "if the lads were going to live much longer there would be no chance of earning anything." An old gilder is known by a black line on the edge of the gums, with surrounding abnormal redness. The female gilder's digestion is ruined by the use of saliva instead of gum-water in one of the processes; yet the women "usually prefer their saliva as more ready to hand." The dust from the making of mother-of-pearl buttons causes serious diseases of the respiratory organs. But the trade being limited, the workers can exercise any amount of Unionist tyranny, and one of the rules of this Society, ruinous as it must be to health, is that no improved processes of manufacture shall be introduced into the factories. The wool-sorter's disease is the splenic fever or anthrax, which, before Pasteur's discoveries, decimated the flocks and herds of the Continent. Sweeps also follow an unhealthy trade, the mortality among them being fifty per cent. above the average. Coal miners, in view of the Eight Hours' Agitation, it may be interesting to note, are contrary to the popular impression, a very healthy and even long-lived class of men. They work in an equable temperature, and are necessarily well protected from the elements, their special malady being a tendency to consumption, due, we take it, not to inefficient ventilation so much as to the inhalation of coal dust. Yet even this disease is diminishing amongst them by improved hygiene. Costermongers are notoriously a lively class of tradesmen; but drink and the uncertainty of trade are responsible for an abnormal amount of suicide among them. There appears to be hardly any occupation which is not capable of being rendered fairly healthy by some precautions in the power of Science to devise; the mischief is that the workpeople are often so ignorant, or so wedded to old customs, as to refuse to take advantage of the preventive means at their disposal. Most dusty trades are more healthy when pursued in the open air, or in sheds only partially enclosed. This is the case among the Aberdeen granite dressers, and when the Sheffield grinders worked in former times in rude sheds, placed on the banks of streams with the object of securing water power, their health was better, though they were exposed to winds and draughts, than when steam power enabled them to follow their craft in enclosed workshops. From what we have quoted it will be seen that the researches undertaken by Dr. Arlidge for his Milroy Lectures, and embodied in the volume before us, are, from a practical as well as a scientific point of view, of the most suggestive character to all who are concerned that wealth shall not increase while men decay.

RIFLE PRACTICE WITH BIG GUNS.

THE day before the mail left each of the warships in the manœuvring on the Devonshire coast, dropped and towed a target for her next astern to fire at, and very pretty practice some of them made. The practice was carried out by placing tubes in the bores of the guns which fit a rifle cartridge, so that, while the big pieces are themselves handled and aimed, all that is fired is a bullet of rifle-calibre. Doubtless (says the *Telegraph's* correspondent) this gives excellent practice to the gunners, and the Benbow, with her 110-ton guns, knocked away the first target which we put over; but, I take it, the captain of the gun does not have exactly the same kind of feelings when he is firing a bullet as he would when firing a projectile of about 1,800 lb.

The advantage of echelon or quarter line formation (says the *Daily News* report) is that each ship can drop a target astern as she gets into station for the consort next her to fire at. The Benbow, which has, I fancy, a good many men on board from the gunnery ship Excellent, played such havoc with the Camperdown's target flag that in a short time there was nothing left to fire at, and the Benbow made signal sportively, "Can you not spring another target?" Now it seems that this was adding insult to injury, for if I understand aright, the rules of the game are very like those of a Balaclava melee at the Military Tournament, where he who can keep his plume to the last wins. So each ship likes its traget flag to remain intact, so that the laugh may be all against the gunners who are aiming at it. The satire is a little rough therefore if, after knocking down a sister ship's traget, you ask her to ran out another.

About noon on Wednesday, 27th ult., (says the *Times* account of the day's doings), there was an imposing spectacle for the people of Torbay. The fleet was disposed in single column line, the flagship leading. In this formation it rounded the headland and steamed through Brixham Roads. Then altering course, as occasion required, it filed past Brixham and Torquay, and finally steamed out to sea again past the headland of Hope's Nose. So great was the length of the line that as the flagship came abreast of Hope's Nose the rear ship of the squadron, the Spanker, was just abreast of Berry Head as she steamed into the bay, the whole of the intervening space being occupied by ships disposed in a curved line at equal intervals and steaming at a speed of ten knots. As the battleships steamed at this speed through the comparatively shallow waters of the bay, the huge wave raised by their bows was very remarkable. It is this tendency of ships of deep draught and great displacement to heap up a wave at their bows in shallow water that very materially reduces their speed in such circumstances, and has lately been found to vitiate results of speed trials conducted at a measured mile in such places as Stokes Bay.

Unfortunately (adds the correspondent) this grand display of the fleet in Torbay was somewhat marred by a rather serious breakdown of the machinery of the Spanker, one of the torpedo gunboats, whose engines, like those of her sister ship the Sharpshooter, have always given a good deal of trouble. As she entered the bay, she was much astern of her station, and was evidently in difficulties. Shortly afterwards she asked permission to anchor, as one of her engines was disabled. The Barham was ordered to ascertain what was the matter. In the course of the afternoon the Barham rejoined the flag, and reported that the shaft of the combined circulating and feed engine had set fast, and that when the cover of the turbine was removed the part of the shaft working in the after-bearing was found to be grooved deeply, the groove being half an inch wide and three-eighths of an inch deep. The shaft itself was ruptured in the groove, and had set fast in the lower bearing. As it was conjectured that the other engine might possibly be in the same state, it was obvious that the Spanker was virtually disabled until the ruptured shaft could be replaced, and the other engine examined. The Barham was accordingly sent back to escort or tow the Spanker into Plymouth this morning, and she has not yet rejoined the flag.

Sub-lieutenants and midshipmen sometimes learn by experience. We have eleven of these young gentlemen on board the Howe, writes the *Standard's* representative. One of them will probably never turn in for the night without first satisfying himself that the gun-room scuttles are closed. Last night he slumbered in blissful ignorance of the fact that they were open, and that the sea was breaking in by the ton. This morning he awoke to the truth, from the full realization of which he has not yet completely recovered. He possessed, amongst other things, a brand new superfine dress-coat—a garment that any future admiral might well be proud of. At daybreak he was seen standing ankle-deep in salt water mournfully wringing it out like a towel. Of course, every one sympathized with him in his bereavement, but the condolence was too largely mixed with merriment to satisfy him of their sincerity. This afternoon the men were making and mending clothes. As he watched them the unhappy "sub" thought sadly of some clothes that were past repair. Worse than this, however, was the swamping of some of the midshipmen's log books, whereby the work, in some cases of years, was rendered practically useless. At breakfast time the gun-room was still a place to be avoided, resembling a well-used bath-room more than anything else. For several hours while off the Lizard our hatchways were battened down, as the sea washed over the quarterdeck. The atmosphere below speedily became fœtid and extremely disagreeable, and when the hatches were reopened the condensation of many exhalations ran down like water.

THE REV. H. R. HAWEIS, AND MOROCCO.

No one has more consideration than I have for the leader writer who has on the strength of a few telegrams and letters to turn out before midnight a party leader on some subject of which he is perhaps almost entirely ignorant, for a party newspaper, writes the Rev. H. R. Haweis in the *Globe*. I am an old leader writer myself. Under doubtless trying circumstances I do not think the writer of the anti-Salisbury anti-Euan-Smith leader in the *Daily News* of July 27 has done badly; but a man floundering about on quicksands could hardly be a more unsafe guide at such a crisis as this. He wants, for instance, to know "what it all means?" He should have ascertained before he began to write, and then he would have known, as Mr. Lowell used to say, "what it is good to leave in the ink pot"—Sir Charles's spirited answers, his fearlessness and determination not to brook insult, his pushing for a treaty of commerce, his pleading, that bread and water should be given to the prisoners, his tearing up the fraudulent treaty, his sudden departure from Fez, his design to embroil us with France (!), his attempt to run a coercive Protectorate policy in Morocco as he had done at Zanzibar, and so on, with one panic fallacy after another. The *Daily News* shouts itself hoarse, and, *mirabile dictu*, every one of the statements or supposed terrors is a mare's nest! Now, because the writer has not had time to get up his facts or to read his notes carefully over; now, because he has forgotten them; or, again, because he must make a fine "Jingo" point. Alas! to such straits are partisan politicians driven in order to discredit anyhow and anyway an attempt to conclude a Treaty of Commerce which everyone admits in substance to be a good one, and which is only bad in the eyes of the Liberals because proposed by the Conservatives.

"What does it all mean?" asks the bewildered *Daily News*. "The annexation of Morocco." Well, that's the kind of disingenuous cry the Gladstonite Press is just now stooping to in the teeth of Sir Charles Euan-Smiths' solemnly recorded words to the Sultan, "We covet not a rood of your Majesty's country."

But these spirited answers, what shall we make of them? Is the *Daily News* aware that the Moor respects those only whom he fears, and that had Sir Charles yielded an inch the Sultan would have taken an ell? Aye, but his quick undignified resentment of insult? Why self-preservation depended on it; either the Basha of Fez had to be humiliated or Sir Charles and his suite had to be stoned or stabbed to death, as they nearly were. Has the *Daily News* writer ever seen a Moorish mob—does he know the temper of these fanatics? It is all very well to sit and write comfortably in a London office, but to stand cool for dear life and the country's honour alone at Fez is rather a different matter.

Sir Charles's hot temper is again brought forward. I alluded to this in my last article. Why it now appears that after his first rupture with the Sultan he actually waited five days; and as for the treaty he tore up—an act which excited the virtuous indignation of the *Daily News*—what Sir Charles tore up was a fraud. It was his apt and sufficient way, in a land where language may be misunderstood, of branding a deliberate lie with the contempt it deserved. But the *Daily News* writer is most unfortunate of all when he sneers at Sir Charles Euan-Smith's attempt to advance along with the interests of commerce the cause of humanity. I always thought that was the best and most important function of British Envoys everywhere and at all times, whatever might be their ostensible business, and certainly it is inconsistent; with the mere land-grabbing theory the Liberals wish to fasten on Lord Salisbury and Sir Charles Euan-Smith. Does the writer know what the Morocco prisons are like? I do. I have seen the men dying of starvation. I have watched them fighting like beasts and howling for a few crusts of dry bread flung among them to scramble for. I have seen the sick lying apart in a heap at the end of a stifling filthy passage; no one went near them or gave them a drop of water; they lay and died like dogs—unregarded. At Mogador two men were chained to a pillar, in an underground dungeon; the survivor—one died—begged, with the thermometer at 100 deg., as he sat by the putrid corpse day by day, night by night, that it might be removed; but, no, the gaoler refused, no one had bribed him to remove the body, and the prisoner had no money. There is no provision for feeding the prisoners throughout Morocco, so if they are sent up-country where they have no friends they die of starvation.

Oh, snug leader writer, I am sure you never thought of all this. Pause next time, I beseech you. No! go to Morocco—see what Sir Charles has seen—see the sights—not the worst—which my own eyes have looked on. How can anyone with a human heart, who knows, approach the Sultan without a petition for the poor prisoners of Morocco, Fez, Mogador, Tetuan, Tangier—hundreds of them, mind you, the mere victims of greed, wholly innocent, imprisoned falsely simply to be stripped of all they have (too often at the instance of protected European residents), and chained, beaten, starved to death slowly? And the English Press—*proh pudor!*—snubs an English Envoy who remonstrates when he gets a chance—snubs and sneers simply because Salisbury, instead of Gladstone, has sent him. Some of us, however, remember Mr. Gladstone's scathing exposure of the Naples prisons, and later of the Bulgarian atrocities. Some day, when our G.O.M. gets turned out for not giving Ireland Home Rule, or for trying to give it her (it does not much matter which), perhaps he will take a holiday and see some of those Morocco horrors which, apparently, the *Daily News* thinks it would be well and pleasant for Sir Charles Euan-Smith to let alone, although he has got to live actually within sight of the Tangier prison. A Morocco pamphlet would be even a fitter close to the career of one man who in his day "has played many parts," than a whole bundle of Midlothian fictions, however ingenious. At a time when the whole Liberal Press bristles, I fear for party purposes, with false accusations—half truths, Jingo scares, and the most naive ignorance to boot of the people or the politics of Morocco—it may seem futile to correct or to protest here a little and there a little; but gross and irrelevant dummies like the Jingo cry now set up to hamper Sir Charles Smith and damage Lord Salisbury, should at least be knocked down at once. While every Englishman should blush a burning blush at the bare suggestion that British policy abroad could ever be decently divorced from the cause of the suffering, the oppressed, the tortured, and the enslaved.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—AUGUST 18.

Merriman, Col, Bo, R E, on duty, from Poona.
Milward, Lieut, Bo, 2nd Lanc-Fusirs, on duty, from Poona.

DEPARTURE.—AUGUST 15.

Peacocke, Lieut, Bo, R A., on leave, to Ahmednagar.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR G. W. ROUGHTON, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 19th August, 1892.

1. There will be 25-pr. gun drill at the Fort Head-Quarters at 6-30 p.m. to-day; and at the Byculla Head-Quarters, at 5-45 p.m.

Leave of absence for 12 months from the 23rd September next is granted to Gr. A. H. Witter.

By order,
(Sd.) J. SANDERS SLATER, Lieut,
Acting Adjt., B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. THE HON. L. H. BAYLEY, A.-D.-C., COMMANDING B. V. R.

Bombay, 19th August, 1892.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

1. There will be drill in the Town Hall at 5-30 this evening.

By order,
(Sd.) T. W. C. LEATHEM, Major,
and Adjutant, B. V. R.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, August 18.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The services of Surgn-Lieut W C Sprague, M D, I M S, are placed at the disposal of Government for employment in the Civil Dept.

The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs:—

Surgn Lieut-Col R Caldecott, I M S, Medical Officer, 2nd Regt Central India Horse, for six months.

The undermentioned officers have been granted by the Secy of State for India extensions of leave:—Surgn-Major H P Jervis, I M S; and Lieut P H Cunningham, I S C, six months, medical certificate.

The undermentioned officer is allowed furlough out of India for one year on medical certificate:—Lieut E G R Wilkins, S C, Wing Officer and Adjutant, 14th Bombay Infantry.

The undermentioned officer has been permitted by the Secy of State for India to return to duty:—Capt G W S Fryer, I S C.

Surgeon-Lieut-Col C Little, M D, I M Service, Sanitary Commissioner, Inspr-Genl of Dispensaries and Supt of Vaccination in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, is granted furlough to Europe for twelve months on medical certificate.

Sind Vol Rifle Corps—Assist Surgn Ed Mackenzie, Karachi Naval Volunteers, to be Hony Surgeon.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr H F C Parkinson a Member of the Board of Trustees of the Port of Aden, vice Mr J S Muro.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointment with effect from the date of the vacancy:—Captain J Davies to be Assist Political Supdt and ex-officio Assist Supt of Police, Palanpur, vice Lieut J G Wostropp, deceased, continuing to act as Fifth Assist Political Resident at Aden.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments, subject to the provisions of Article 109 of the Civil Service Regulations in case Rao Bahadur Maganlal Bapubhai should revert to British service:—Rao Bahadur Ghelabhai Thakordas to be third Depy Assist to the Political Agent, Kathiawar, vice Rao Bahadur Nathubhai Nanabhai, retiring; and Mr Edalji Dosabhai to be sub pro tem. fourth Depy Assist to the Political Agent, Kathiawar, vice Rao Bahadur Chimanrai Harrai.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—Lieut H G Carnegy to act as Assist Political Supt and ex-officio Assist Supt of Police, Palanpur, pending further orders; and Lieut P Z Cox to act as Second-in-Comd, Savantwadi Local Corps, and ex-officio Assist to the Political Supt, Savantvadi, vice Lieut Carnegy.

It is notified that Col G F Hancock, President of the Rajasthanik Court, Kathiawar, has been granted by H M's Secy of State for India an extension of special leave on urgent private affairs for six weeks.

It is notified that the privilege leave for forty-five days granted to Major F W Snell, acting Second Assist Political Agent, Kathiawar, has been commuted by Her M's Secy of State for India into six months' special leave, on urgent private affairs.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Khan Bahadur Muncherji Rustomjee Dholu, Registrar of the Court of the Resident and Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Aden, is allowed privilege leave for six months.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Capt A T H Newnham, 22nd B Infy, to be Cantonment Magte of Ahmedabad, in addition to his military duties.

Capt Newnham is also appointed to be a Magte of the first class in the Ahmedabad Dist, and will exercise the powers with which he is hereby invested within the limits of the Cantonment of Ahmedabad.

H E in Council is pleased to appoint Capt Newnham to be a Justice of the Peace within and for the territories subject to the Government of Bombay other than the Presidency Town of Bombay.

H E in Council is further pleased to appoint Capt Newnham, under Sectn 6 of the Provincial Small Cause Courts, Acts, 1887, to be the Judge of the Court of Small Causes, established within the limits of the Cantonment of Ahmedabad.

Rao Bahadur Chintaman Narayen Bhat assumed charge of his appointment as Joint first class Subordinate Judge with appellate powers at Sholapur in the Sholapur-Bijapur District on the 3rd inst.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the undermentioned officers in the Satara District to be Visitors of the Subordinate Jail at Satara:—Messrs T D Fry, C G H Fawcett and G W Scott, Depy Collers and Magistrates, First Class.

Mr Bhimaji Shriniwas Malapur is appointed to act as Clerk of the second class Subordinate Judge's Court at Gadag in the Dharwar District, during the absence on leave of Mr. Narso Tammaji.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Honble Kashinath Trimbak Telang, M A, L L B (Bombay), C I E, to be Vice-Chancellor of the Bombay University, vice the Hon'ble H M Birdwood, M A, L L D, resigned.

Mr Nanabhai Arjesar Moos and Dr D MacDonald respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Lecture in Experimental Physics at the Elphinstone College.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr B J Haselden, Divisional Forest Officer, C D, Kanara, is allowed furlough for one year.

Mr G A Hight, Divisional Forest Officer, Dharwar, is allowed furlough for one year.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr G P Millett to hold charge of the office of the Divisional Forest Officer, South Thana, in addition to his own, during the absence of Mr. L

PURE PERSONALITIES.

A remarkable incident in its way, which escaped the notice of most of the morning papers, occurred the other evening at the dinner of the Italian Chamber of Commerce. Mr. G. A. Sala, who, as every body knows, is a regular Mezzofanti in his linguistic attainments, made a speech in Italian, so pure in accent and of such stirring eloquence that the enthusiastic Italians present actually embraced him in their delight, and made the room ring with cries of "Viva Sala." There are few Englishmen—possibly there is not another well-known Englishman (if we except Mr. Gladstone, who is "hors concours" in all comparisons)—who could perform this feat. But the true rinx of the Italian, che "lingua Toscana in bocca Romana," came with his mother's milk to G. A. S.

Mr. Leslie Stephen, in his notice of Henry Kingsley, in the new volume of the "Dictionary of National Biography," only incidentally alludes to his hero's five years' Bohemian wanderings in Australia. In a paper of Rolf Boldrewood's, not yet published in England, and which, doubtless, Mr. Leslie Stephen has never seen, there is this interesting passage:—"Why Langa-willi (the name of a squatters' station in Western Victoria) will always be a point of interest in my memory, apart from other reasons, for I spent many a pleasant day there, is that Henry Kingsley lived there the chief part of a year as a guest of Mr. William Mitchell. It was at Langa-willi that 'Geoffrey Hamlyn,' that immortal work, the best Australian novel, and for long the only one, was written. In the well-appointed sitting-room one can imagine the gifted but somewhat ill-fated author sitting down comfortably after breakfast to his 'copy,' when his host had ridden forth with the overseer to make believe to inspect the flocks, but in reality to get an appetite for lunch."

"I like to think," continues Rolf, "of them both spending the evening sociably in their own way, both rather silent men—Kingsley writing away till he had covered the regulation number of sheets; Mitchell reading steadily or writing up his home correspondence; the old housekeeper coming in with the glasses at ten o'clock, then a tumbler of toddy, a smoke in the verandah, or over the fire if in winter, and so to bed. Peaceful, happy, unexciting days and nights, good for Mitchell, who was not strong, and good for his talented guest, who was not always so profitably employed. I suspect that in England, where both abode in later years, they often looked back with regret to the peerless climate, the calm days, the restful evenings spent so far beyond the southern main at Langa-willi. The surroundings were judiciously utilised by Kingsley, and of course with akvantage, as furnishing that flavour of verisimilitude which added so much to the charm of his fiction."

There is nothing inherently improbable in the interesting rumour that Lord Salisbury intends to confer a peerage upon Sir Frederic Leighton. "A Government," said Lord Beaconsfield, "should recognize intellect." And if intellect—by which Lord Beaconsfield meant Science and Literature—why not also Art? Mr. Gladstone made Alfred Tennyson a lord. Lord Salisbury made Sir W. Thomson into Lord Kelvin. Why should he not also make Sir Frederic into Lord Leighton? Sir Frederic, it may be added, is not married, and he is, we believe, a strong Unionist.

As for precedents, we are not aware that there are any of a more recent period than the Middle Ages; but the older a precedent is, the better, we suppose. Titian, for one, was made by the Emperor Charles V. a Count Palatine and Knight of the Golden Spur, with precedence for his children as nobles of the Empire; and every one remembers Henry VIII.'s saying to one of his courtiers: "Of seven peasants I can make seven lords, but not one Holbein"—a saying which would seem to imply not that a peerage is too good for a painter, but that, if anything, a painter—at any rate, if he is a Holbein—is too good for a peerage. Out of seven brewers or seven party-hacks, Prime Ministers are constantly making seven lords. Why not, for a change, make one out of the stately and accomplished President of the Royal Academy?

Lady Euan-Smith, whose plucky conduct at Fez called forth the flattering tribute from the Sultan's War Minister noticed elsewhere, was a child of the regiment, and is not at all unused to war's alarms. She is a daughter of Colonel Frederick Alexander, of the Royal Artillery. She was married to the British representative at Morocco in 1877, when he was on service in India.

Mr. Stephen Bonsal, the special correspondent of the "Central News" whose letters from Morocco have been attracting so much attention, is an American—a native of New York. He was for some time connected with the "New York World" and afterwards joined the staff of the "New York Herald." For a time he was special correspondent for the latter paper at Vienna, and during the Bulgarian troubles did his journal excellent service.

Mr. Bonsal, although quite a young man, has travelled all over the world. He is full of energy and go, and has all the assurance of the American journalist. He is blessed with an excellent physique, and is a capital rider. He performed the journey from Fez to Tangier in three days, being in the saddle eighteen hours out of each twenty-four, resting merely during the heat of the day, from nine o'clock till three.

The Earl of Orkney, who has married Miss Connie Gilchrist, bears a Scotch title, but is understood to have little other connection with this part of the kingdom. What property he has is in Ireland. He owns some 11,000 acres in Tipperary, Queen's County, and Kerry, and has a rent roll of about £9000 per annum. "He felt sure that by marrying Lady Orkney he had accomplished the best day's work he had ever done in his life" was a statement he made at the wedding breakfast.

The following story was told by a man at a dinner party this season:—"I was standing on the steps of my club one evening last winter, chatting with some boon companions, when a lady marched up to me and, said, severely, 'George, I have been looking for you,' and before I could make reply she took my arm and marched me off to a carriage. Mechanically I got in, and she drove off with me, berating me soundly meanwhile for drinking and gambling. I was not altogether innocent of these vices, so I said nothing, but kept wondering who she could be. She appeared to have a list of my faults, for she enumerated them all. Presently the carriage stopped before a rather pretentious dwelling in South Kensington, and I thought it time to ask for an explanation. She turned upon me quite indignantly, stopped, looked hard at me, then stammered forth an apology. She had mistaken me for her husband."

From an analysis of the professions and occupations of the members of the new House of Commons made by Mr. Lewis Appleton, Westminster, it appears that the class most largely represented is the legal profession. There are 164 lawyers in the new House. Of these 143 are barristers and 21 solicitors. Trade and commerce is represented by 156 members. While the capitalists have 156 representatives, there are only 15 workmen in the House. There are 53 Generals, Captains, Colonels, Majors, Commanders and Vice-Admirals, and in addition there are 52 officers of the auxiliary forces. There are no fewer than 35 newspaper proprietors and press men in the new House. The medical profession is represented by 16 members, and 9 University Professors are members of Parliament. In the last House there were 24 brewers and distillers. The number has now been reduced to 18.

Mr. Fitzgerald Molloy, who professes a belief in astrology, writes to point out what he calls a curious coincidence, if nothing more regarding the periods during which Mr. Gladstone held office. In 1868, when Mr. Gladstone became Premier, the beneficent planet Jupiter entered Aries, the sign which more than 1800 years ago Ptolemy asserted governed the little island of Great Britain. Mr. Gladstone remained in power for six years, or until Jupiter entered the sign of Libra, which is in direct opposition to Aries. He then appealed to the country, when the Conservative party came into power.

But six years later still, in 1880, the great luminary once more entered the sign of Aries, and again Mr. Gladstone became Premier—ousting Lord Beaconsfield from office. And yet six years passed, and Jupiter passed into the sign of Libra. Then Mr. Gladstone dissolved Parliament and resigned its leadership—that being in the year 1886. And now, in the April of this year, Jupiter is found entering Aries, where he will remain until next March, and again under the influence of the highest of all the planets Mr. Gladstone regains power. The countries governed by the sign of Libra are Upper Egypt, parts of India, China and Japan.

In an article describing the internal economy of the Alhambra, the "World" gives some interesting figures regarding the remuneration of music-hall performers. The "prima ballerina assoluta" at present is Mdlle. Legnani, who hails from La Scala, at Milan, and makes an income of about 1,000*l.* a year. A leading "star" artist, just now out of "the bill," is engaged for five years at the Alhambra, and by its managers re-engaged to other proprietors. She earns a salary of upwards of 50*l.* per week certain for the five years. Mr. Coborn, who may be regarded as a champion lion comique, is in receipt of a weekly income of about 40*l.*; he would receive about 15*l.* for each "turn." During her recent visit to America, Miss Jenny Hill, familiarly known as "The Vital Spark" earned about 150*l.* per week; but this was exceptional.

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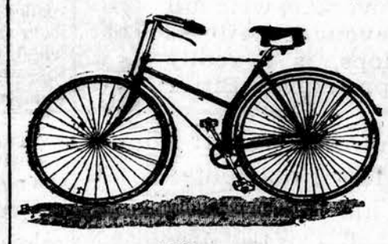

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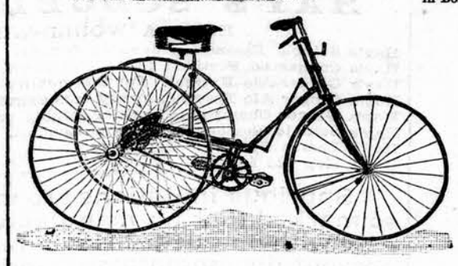

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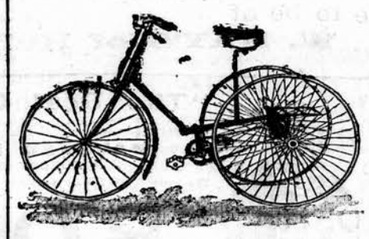

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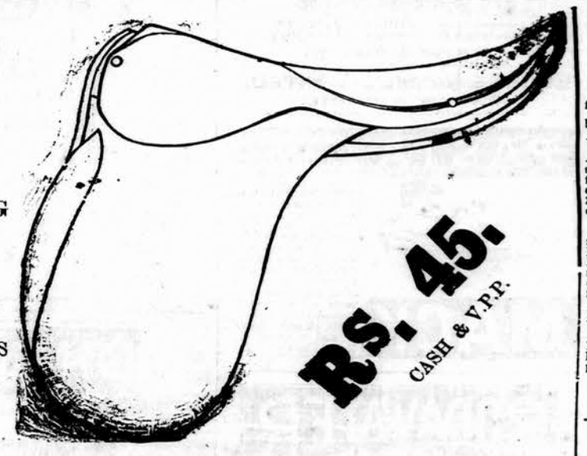

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